CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

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VOL. XI. CHICAGO, TUESDAY MORNING DECEMBER 1, 1857. NO. 149.

IN JAIL.—There are now twenty-one persons confined in the criminal wards of the jail of this county, and fourteen in the debtors' ward.

DEAR LIGHT.—A common article of star candles retails at *thirty* cents per pound, and very light weight at that. Six candles are sold for a pound, but it takes seven to weigh a pound. The material out of which star candles are manufactured costs about *ten* cents per pound. We submit that there is something going on somewhere. Is it the retailer or wholesaler who overcharges?

LECTURES BY REV. NOAH H. SCHENCK.—The Rev. Noah Hunt Schenck, Rector of Trinity Church, announced on Sunday last, his intention of delivering a course of lectures on the biographies of the Bible. These lectures will be delivered in the Church on Madison street, on Wednesday evenings —commencing on the first Wednesday in Advent and continuing until Ash Wednesday. The introductory, upon Scripture Character,will be given on next Wednesday (to-morrow,) and will no doubt be highly interesting.

HON. J. F. FARNSWORTH.—We learn from a reliable source that Hon. J. F. Farnsworth, member of Congress elect from this District, is rapidly recovering from his late severe illness, and that he has fully recovered the use of his lower limbs. We trust Mr. Farnsworth will soon be able to assume his duties at Washington. A statement which appeared some days since to the effect that Mr. Farnsworth's left leg was in such a condition as to excite fears that he would be a cripple for life is, we are glad to know, wholly untrue.

LARCENY OF BEEF.—John Thompson, (colored) was brought before the Police Court yesterday upon a charge of stealing a quarter of beef from John Keebler, who keeps a meat market at 186 Wells street. The beef was hanging in front of the door and Thompson came along, shouldered the beef and walked off with it. He was seen by some boys who informed the police and he was arrested. This Thompson escaped a conviction in the Recorder's Court, some time since, upon an indictment for stealing chickens, in consequence of the prosecuting witness "flying the track." He is known to the Police as a hard case.

JUVENILE DEPRAVITY.—A lad, apparently some twelve years of age, was brought before the Police Court yesterday upon a charge of pilfering from a lumber yard. The boy said his name is Thomas Rigan and that his parents were dead. He was a miserable looking specimen of humanity and was considerably intoxicated. A bloated looking half clad woman appeared in Court, claimed him as her step-son and insisted that as he supported the family he should be released. The lad was sent to the Reform School. He did not know his age and had never attended school. Mr. Nichols is doing a noble service in rescuing these stray bits of humanity from lives of degregation.

DISHONEST SERVANT.—Mary Conners was brought before the Police Court yesterday upon a charge of robbing her employers. She was a servant in the family of Joseph P. Neill, No. 74 State street, and a port monnaie containing $2.50, a gold locket and chain and some clothing belonging to her mistress were found in her possession. She was committed for trial in default of $200 bail. This woman met Mrs. Neill in the street a week ago, and applied for work, saying she had just arrived from Connecticut and was destitute of money, and Mrs. Neill employed her. The woman had been up before for drunkenness.

FUGITIVE FROM JUSTICE.—Officer Lee, of St Louis, arrived in this city yesterday, having in custody a young man named Frank Gill. It appears that some two years ago, Gill, then in the employ of Levi J. North, Esq., was arrested at Joliet and required to give bail in $1,500 to answer to a charge of horse stealing. Such was Mr. North's confidence in the young man that he became his surety, and further went to the extent of giving him the sole charge of one of the smaller side shows of his establishment. The confidence was misplaced, it seems, as Gill *forfeited* his bail, and left with a goodly sum of the receipts belonging to Mr. North, since which time nothing has been heard of his whereabouts. A few days since Mr. North learned that Gill was in St. Louis, and telegraphed to Chief of Police Rawlings to arrest him, "which that efficient officer immediately did. Gill is endeavoring to procure new bail.

STEALING HORSES AND WAGONS IN THE STREETS.—The horse thieves are seemingly both plenty and bold, and almost every day they commit depredations in our most public streets, and in broad daylight, yet we seldom hear of one of the rascals being caught unless the owners go to the expense of employing private detectives. On last Saturday afternoon, about 3 o'clock, Dr. Daniel Brainard's horse and buggy were stolen from the street, in front of his office, No. 53 Clark street. A horse and wagon belonging to Messrs. Graham & White, provision dealers, No. 316 State street, was stolen on Friday last. The team was left standing in front of their store, and about half past eight o'clock, turned up missing. Search was instituted, and late in the evening it was found behind some shanties in Liberty street. The harness was broken, the whiffletree missing, and the contents of the wagon, consisting of about two hundred pounds of poultry, several cans of oysters, &c., were gone.

RESIGNATION OF JUSTICE MILLIKEN.—To-day Mr. Isaac L. Milliken retires from the office of Police Justice and is succeeded by Mr. Michael Grants. For several years past Mr. Milliken has filled the office of Justice of the Peace and Police Justice in the most acceptable and efficient manner, and retires from his office with the consciousness of having done his duty to the satisfaction and approval of the entire public. A kind and courteous gentleman and an upright and incorruptible judge, the public will regret his retirement to private life. From the beginning to the end of his official career he has been proof against all efforts to induce him to serve the selfish ends of individuals and meeted out Justice to all with an impartial hand.

Mr. Grants is a well known resident of West Division, a thorough Republican, and we trust he may prove as efficient and just as has his predecessor.

ASSAULT AND ARREST.—We learn that Western Bascome, of the firm of Lounsbury, Wright & Co., was arrested and brought before Justice De Wolf yesterday morning on a charge of assault upon the person of Mr. W. B. Lounsbury, the senior member of that firm, with a revolver, with intent to commit bodily injury and probably to kill. It is said that Mr. Bascome had very largely overdrawn his account without the knowledge of Mr. Lounsbury, and that Mr. Lounsbury desired him to give security for reimbursement at a future day, and that Mr. Bascome entirely refused to endeavor to make reparation or promise therefor: therefore Mr. Lounsbury demanded a surrender of the key to the office, deeming it unsafe for him to retain it longer, which Mr. Bascome declined to do, and Mr. Lounsbury knowing it was usually in his overcoat pocket, which was then lying on the sofa, went to take it out, whereupon Mr. Bascome drew a revolver from his pocket and attempted to shoot Mr. Lounsbury, when other persons in the office went to the rescue of Mr. L., and prevented Bascome from doing the foul deed. Mr. Bascome was held to bail to appear at a higher court.

PASSING COUNTERFEIT MONEY.—Yesterday about noon officer I. W. Hibbard, one of C. P. Bradley & Co.'s detectives, arrested a man who gave the name of Daniel Smith, upon the charge of attempting to pass counterfeit money at G. Jacobs' clothing store, No. 181 South Clark street. Smith went into the store, and after selecting $3.50 worth of clothing, offered a counterfeit $5 bill on the Fulton County Bank of Gloversville, New York. This being refused, he offered a $5 bill on the Commercial Bank of Kingston, C. W., which was also a counterfeit, and refused. Smith declared he had no more money, but one of the clerks copying a small roll of bills, and suspecting the fellow was not all right, called in officer Hibbard, who took him into custody. On searching, a counterfeit ten on the Agricultural Bank of Pittsfield, Mass., and a twenty on the Burlington Bank, N. Y., altered from a one, were found on him. These counterfeits are all described in the Bank Note Lists.

Smith was taken before Justices Milliken and Hotsington, and fully committed for trial in default of $500 bail.

Smith says he came here on Saturday from Madison, Wis., and that the money was paid to him there by one Abram Wilson.

TWO THOUSAND LOAVES OF BREAD FOR THE POOR.—From the following letter it will be seen that the Sons of Malta have resolved to distribute two thousand loaves of bread to the indigent, the Relief Society to be the almoners:

CHICAGO, Nov. 30, 1857.

E. C. LARNED, Esq., President Chicago Relief Society:—*Dear Sir*,—At a meeting of the Independent Order of the Sons of Malta, held at their rooms on Saturday evening, the following resolution was unanimously passed:

Resolved, That this Order distribute, or cause to be distributed, two thousand loaves of bread to the poor of this city, and a committee be appointed for that purpose.

In accordance with the above resolution, the committee have thought best to tender to your society the above donation, with the request that you cause the same to be distributed in such manner as your society may deem proper, that those in actual want may be relieved, as far as possible, by issuing orders on our agent.

The applicants will receive the bread in such quantities as your society may direct.

Respectfully yours,

D. W. ROSS,
JAS. L. HOWE,
J. H. WILLIAMS,
E. DEWITT BEDDISON,
} Committee.

MEETING OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION, CHICAGO, Nov. 28, 1857.—Present Messrs. Mosely, Hoard, Brewster, Herman, Higginson, Carpenter, Haven, Foster, Brooker, Dore and Bass.

Minutes of the last meeting read and approved.

Reports on the condition of the schools were presented by the Committees of the several schools and the Superintendent.

On motion of Mr. Brooks, the Committee on Buildings and Grounds were instructed to report at the next meeting on the expediency of making any alterations in the House of School No. 1.

The President appointed Mr. Hoard a member of the Committee on the High School, and also of the Committees on Schools No. 3 and No. 7.

On motion of Mr. Dore, the rule of the Board prohibiting pupils from leaving school to take lessons in music or for any other cause except sickness, was referred to the President of the Board, the Chairman of the Committee on Rules and Regulations, and the Superintendent.

Mr. Haven, Chairman of the Committee on Text-Books, presented a report on text books, and a course of study, which was adopted by the Board.

On motion of Mr. Haven, several public documents, presented to the High School Library by Hon. J. H. Woodworth, were accepted, and the thanks of the Board returned to the donor.

On motion of Mr. Haven it was

Resolved, That no text books except those now authorized be used in our Public Schools, and that the Superintendent report the names of all teachers using books other than those permitted by the Board.

On motion of Mr. Dore, it was voted that duplicate checks be issued to Misses S. A. Culver, J. E. McLaren and E. Roche, in place of checks which they have lost, on condition that the parties give bonds satisfactory to the President of the Board that they will save the School Fund harmless.

On motion of Mr. Dore, Miss H. E. Putnam was re-admitted to a seat in the High School.

Mr. Bass moved that the sessions of the High School be from 9 to 12 A. M., and from 1 to 3½ P. M. Referred to the Committee on the High School and the Superintendent, with power to act.

Several modifications of the rules in relation to the Schools were adopted by the Board.

On motion of Mr. Dore, it was voted that 800 copies of the rules and regulations be printed for the use of Board.

The following monthly bills of Teachers salaries were approved:

Teachers of the		
" "	High School	$880.73
" "	Colored School	75.00
" "	No. 2	307.16
" "	No. 3, East Branch	174.16
" "	No. 3, West Branch	174.16
" "	No. 4	307.16
" "	No. 5	320.00
" "	No. 6	307.16
" "	No. 7 and Branch	171.43
" "	No. 10	261.16
" "	Music	20.34

W. H. WELLS, Sec'y.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.—The regular meeting of Council was held last evening. The only absentee was Ald. Schmidt. The following proceedings of general interest were had:

Michael McGuire, Pound Master of the North Division, asked for $100 for his services to date. Referred to the Committee on Claims.

Ald. La Rue rose to a question of privilege, and asked Ald. Carter if he wrote an article which appeared in the TRIBUNE, at the same time handing a slip cut from some newspaper to Ald. Carter. The article La Rue complained of is entitled "Modern Democracy—Gamblers' Tools." The Mayor decided that La Rue was out of order, from which decision an appeal was taken. Ald. Myers called for the reading of the article. The Mayor decided that articles in newspapers were not matters of privilege to be debated in the Council. The decision of the chair was sustained.

La Rue then attempted to read the article which galled him so much, whereupon the Mayor called him to order, and stated that he could no doubt readily find an opportunity during the evening to make a speech, and lug the obnoxious article in. LaRue then moved that he be permitted to discuss the matter, which was carried, and the Alderman read the article. Ald Carter stated that he wrote the article and was ready to stand to it. LaRue then got off his usual string of billingsgate, which would disgrace a brothel, and is unfit for publication, or we would print it, as the best method of exposing the fellow. It is a matter of regret to all respectable citizens present at the session last evening, that the Council should have permitted so disgraceful a scene to transpire without any effort to prevent it. Ald. Long, after listening too long to the billingsgate, called LaRue to order; whereupon the Mayor stated that he was speaking by permission of the Council, but that LaRue must confine his epithets to the article, and not utter them against Ald. Carter.

Ald. Bross moved that as LaRue had sufficiently vindicated his character the Council proceed to business; but the Council decided to hear Greenebaum, who went in after a more moderate style than La Rue. Ald. Myers sustained the right of the officers to destroy all the gamblers' tools they could get their hands on, after which the "muss" ended. A commnnication was read from the Comptroller relative to the two ordinances passed for issuing $100,000 of bonds and asked that an ordinance be passed granting the Mayor and Comptroller power to issue bonds for a amount not exceeding $100,000, bearing interest at ten per cent., payable semi-annually, to run not exceeding ten years. Also, that $20,000 of City Bonds mature on the 12th inst., and that Mr. Geo. Brown had offered to loan the city that amount on new bonds at ten per cent per annum, and running five years. Laid over and ordered published.

The Fire and Water Committee reported against the organization of any more Engine Companies. Concurred in.

Also a report, relative to the condition of the Fire Department and the complaints made against it, which is too long for publication in this issue but which will appear in our next. After a long debate in which Ald. Coughlin insisted that if it were not for No. 4 and No. 14, the city would be "conflagrated", and that he would not have spoken had not the speech been "pricked out of him as you would prick a man in the elbow with a pin." The report was recommitted by the following vote: Ayes—Messrs. Long, Bross, Kendall, Myers, Kennedy, Greenebaum Dempsey, Dunlap, LaRue, Diveny, Conley, Coughlin 12. Nays—Harris, D'Wolf, Joy, Green, Carter, Sitts and Wahl, 7.

The license for McVicker's Theatre was fixed at $350 per annum.

The orders heretofore passed for the grading and macadamizing of East Madison street were rescinded

Ald. Wahl, of the special committee, made a report relative to petitions for the employment by the city, of men now out of employment. The report states that the working men of our city, as a mass, are not in a suffering condition. The committee also report against the right of the city to make appropriations in money, for the relief of the poor and also that the condition of the Treasury, and the charter of the city will not permit the employment of laborers as requested by the petitioners. The report was laid over under the rule and ordered printed.

Ald. Long offered an order that the time for collecting personal taxes be extended sixty days. Passed.

Also, that the Mayor and Comptroller be instructed to discharge all employees of the city whose services can possibly be dispensed with. Passed.

Ald. Conley offered an order fixing the salaries of the Engineers of the Fire Department, as follows: Chief, $1,200; 1st Assistant, $250; 2d do $250; 3d do, $200; 4th do, $200. Laid over and ordered printed.

Ald. LaRue called up the matter of paying Messrs. Harper & Tweedale for extra work on Rush street bridge. Ald. Long had reported in favor of paying $2,000, and Ald. LaRue had moved to amend the report by making the amount $4,000. The amendment was adopted, and the report as amended concurred in.

The Council adjourned at 11 o'clock.

LATEST numbers of Ballou's publications can be had at Andrews', 63 Clark street. Also latest Boston and New York dailies.

MRS. BOSTWICK COMING.—The Detroit *Advertiser* announces the arrival of Mrs. Bostwick in that city on her way to Chicago. She intended giving one concert in Detroit before leaving for this city, which is to be her future home.

CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE R. R.—CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after Monday, Nov. 30, the morning train on this road, heretofore leaving at 10 o'clock A. M., will be changed to 8.30 A. M. The other trains will run as before. No change in time of arriving.

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL AND FOND DU LAC R. R.—CHANGE OF TIME.—The trains on the Chicago, St Paul and Fond du Lac Railroad for Beloit, Janesville, Madison and Prairie du Chien, leave Chicago at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M., on and after to-day.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—By request, Rev. Mr. Bartlett will repeat his Thanksgiving Sermon, at his, the New England Church, this evening, at 7½ o'clock. This sermon is spoken of as an elegant and scholarly production, and its second delivery will command attention.

MEETING.—The regular meeting of the Cook Co. Agricultural Society will be held this (Tuesday) at 2 o'clock P. M., in the hall of the Mechanic's Institute. A punctual attendance of the members is desired, as business of importance will be transacted. By order of the President.

F. W. REILLY,
Recording Secretary.

MUSIC.—Miss D. Louisa Rockwood, who has been for several years a very successful teacher of music, in its different branches, in Wisconsin, has recently taken up her residence, with the intention of pursuing her avocation in our city.

She brings testimonials of the highest character, and we trust she will meet with that success which is due to worth and skill.

Further reference may be made to Prof. C. M. Cady. Those wishing to enter her class may leave their address at Higgins Bros., No. 84 Randolph street, or call at 118 South Jefferson street.

YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION LECTURES.—The next lecture in the course before the Young Men's Association will be delivered on Thursday evening by Mr. Geo. Vandenhoff. His subject is "The Poets," and the lecture will be interspersed with readings from various poetical writings. Mr. Vandenhoff is an actor of some celebrity, and is undoubtedly one of the finest elocutionists in the country. The more reliable eastern journals speak in high terms of Mr. Vandenhoff's lectures, and he will no doubt attract a large and appreciative audience here.

RICH CUSTOM MADE FURNITURE at Auction, by Groth & Gilbert, this morning, at 10 o'clock, at their salesroom, 104 Lake street, for a gentleman declining housekeeping, embracing everything in the housekeeping line. Also, a large variety of Fancy Figures, &c.

At 11 o'clock, one splendid Rosewood Piano-forte.

TO GIVE our workmen employment the coming Winter, we have gone through our entire stock of Trunks, Valises and Carpet Bags, and marked them down to the very lowest figure for cash, at our Trunk Stores, 61 and 219 South Clark street. It is well known our facilities for manufacturing are such as to enable us to sell below all competition.

W. & G. S. WRIGHT,
61 & 219 Clark street.

LILLIE'S Celebrated Chilled and Wrought Iron Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, Bank vault doors and Empire bank locks, can be found at No. 21 Dearborn street. au14;tf-a76 B. P. PRATT, Agent.

DIED.

In this city, on Sunday evening, CYRUS WALTER, youngest son of Wm. H. and Harriet N. Bunnell—aged 2 years.

COMMERCIAL.

CHICAGO WHOLESALE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE,
Monday Evening, November 30, 1857.

A large attendance was had on 'Change to-day, for the season, and sales of Flour were large, and Wheat market firm at the advances. The fact of the new freight tariff going into operation to-morrow, by which some 25c ₩ bbl by rail is added on Flour to the seaboard, may have been one cause of the firmness in Flour and the high rates paid to-day; another cause is the high rate (7 ₩ cent. prem.) of exchange and the necessity of making it. The following are transactions:

FLOUR.—Sales of 400 bbls ($50 of Arcadia and 50 of Centre) and 500 bbls Sterling at $4.25, of Darlington, 90 bbls and 200 marinest $4. Of another brand Spring wheat extra, 58 bbls at $3.85 and 50 bbls Oneida (Sup.) at $3.70; wider wheat flour to city trade is about $3@3.50. Rye Flour $3.-2@3.50 ₩ bbl. Buckwheat flour $1.25@1.75 ₩ 100 lbs; Oatmeal $3 ₩ bbl.

WHEAT.—A canal boat load Spring (4,000 bu) sold at 84c afloat at Lockport; a car load at 83c and 2,000 bu at 83½c in store; but most of the sales were at 82c in store, closing firm at 81½c; No. 2 red winter at 84c; a range of 86@88c in store. 200 bu ex us Spring in bags, at 86c on track.

CORN.—Old 46c in store; new 40c ₩ 60 lbs, or 29@30c ₩ 70 lbs in the car.

OATS—29@30c in bags.

MESS PORK—Last sale was 400 bbls to a New Yorker at $14.75 ₩ bbl, cash; 50 bbls on time at 216.

LARD.—Sale of 1,0 bbls at 10c ₩ lb, for shipment to New York.

DRESSED HOGS.—Dull—receipts large; 65 ₩ 100 lbs, by the quantity—nothing more at retail.

Other articles unchanged since Saturday.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 30, 1857.

HORSES.—There is no change to note in this market, from the extreme dullness of last week. But few are in the market, and still fewer sales are made. What are in can be had at low rates.

HOGS.—Packers are mostly through slaughtering their contracted hogs, and some of them are purchasing at good rates, and eastern buyers are on the market, as will be seen by the report of Mr. Sherman, annexed; paying very fair prices for hard times, and when nearly heavy scarce everywhere. Hough slaughtered 800 head to-day, which were bought at Lincoln, below Springfield, at about $5.50 gross, all round. The number packed here to date is some 30,000 head; 700 head were bought altogether, to-day, by an eastern shipper, at a range of $5.80@4.15 gross. Receipts in last 24 hours by rail are 91 274 head. For the week 12 927 head. Provisions are noteactive, and packers ship mostly on account; the heaviest sale of the past week was one of 400 bbls Mess Pork on Friday at $14.75 ₩ bbl cash, and 100 bbls Lard at 10c ₩ lb, both for shipment to New York. Dressed Hogs come in freely, and the weather is unfavorable, causing a decline; 36,142 lbs were received by rail in last 24 hours, and only 20 ₩ 100 lbs can be had for them.

CATTLE.—For selling; 100 head received yesterday, and 62 head for the week. So much dressed Beef is on the market, that but few Cattle are bought. A view of the market is given below:

LAKE SHORE SALE AND SHIPPING YARD MARKETS REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE FOR THE WEEK ENDING MONDAY MORNING NOV. 30TH, 1857.

Horses generally sold by live weight, some sales made by the head. Swine sold by live weight or estimated nett weight. Cows and calves generally sold by the head. The market for hogs is a shade better this morning. Some 800 hogs sold at $4.10@4.15 Nett. Hogs are arriving rather slowly at present, but we expect them along in larger numbers if the weather remains settled for a few days. The market for cattle is very unsettled there is a very small demand for cattle except at exceedingly low figures. Fat cattle generally open, with a ready sale, but for small cattle there is no demand at present.

Below we give the names of owners of stock:

OWNERS.	CATTLE.	OWNERS.	CATTLE.
J O'Donnell	10	J Miller	16
N Adams	10	J Fuller	32
H F Jones	32	John Finch	12
J Adams	24	J Dalton	17
J G Forgeus	18	L D Cartright	17
H F Chase	5	J Osgood	11
S J. Machiner	40	C O Vanson	6
Adams & Co	10	J Marks	4
Myrick & Foss	11	D Brien	12
M Spangler	11		
Jacob Frank	17	Total	339
John Dowrie	11		

Sales of 200 ordinary cattle from 2 to 2½@2½. Sales of a few extra from 3@3½. Left out 70 head. Sales of 4,000 hogs from 4 to 4¼@4.15; and about 1,800 shipped to different points East; none left over on the market. Total amount of hogs received 7,200.

HOGS SHIPPED.			
Brown & Hill	270	Tuckerson & Walters	600
James Dunlap	100	Total	1,000
W J Richardson	30		
Brown & Forte	600		

New York Money Market—Nov. 30.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Money very abundant at bank—not commanding freely elsewhere. Call loans 7@10 per cent. Amount of bank line million upon the 1st instant.

New York Stock Market—Nov. 30.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Sales at first board: 500 Illinois Central, Sell. Missouri 6's 70½; Virginia 6's, 93; Erie 1855, Hunting 24; Cleveland 113; New York Central 74½.

New York Market—Nov. 30.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

FLOUR—10c lower; sales 5,000 bbl at $4.50@4.90 for superfine state; $4.60@5.75 for extra state; $4 90@5.10 for superfine Genesee; $5.00@5.50 for common to good and mixed Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin and Ohio—market dull and unsettled. Canadian Flour—sales 500 bbls at $4.50@4.85 for common to fair extra; $4.90@5.40 for superfine. Rye Flour $4.00@4.05.

WHEAT.—Nominally lower; sales 10,000 bu at $1.-@1.-for red winter Indiana, and $1.30 for red Indiana; Chicago spring at 1.-@1.-and Milwaukee club $1.05.

RYE—Steady; sales 3,000 bu at 79@80. delivered.

CORN—Scarce; 12,000 bu mixed western at 60c delivered.

OATS—Dull and lower at 48@50c for state, and 50@52 for western.

WHISKEY—Sales 500 bbls at 25@25½c—closing quiet.

PORK—Lower; sales 425 bbls at $13@13.50 for mess; $15@16.75 for prime.

BEEF—Dull at 14@17c.

PRIME MESS BEEF—Nominal at 19@21c.

DRESSED HOGS—Lower 11½@12½c.

LARD—Lower at 10½@11c.

Receipts of Produce.

The following are the receipts of Flour and Grain by Rail road and Canal for the 24 hours ending at noon yesterday, Nov. 30, as posted by the Board of Trade, and Shipments by Lake for same time:

	Flour bbls	Wheat bu	Corn bu	Oats bu	Barly bu	Chilli bu	Hogs No
Total	2,940	14,97	1,043	2,414	899	108	1,974
Total for the week	19 4	7,200	4,000	13,979	1,365	621	12,007

SHIPMENTS BY LAKE.

	Flour bbls	Wheat bush.	Corn bush.	Oats bush.
Total for the week	45	45,000	1,000	2,500
" " previous	136,561	9,456,225	6,664,973	427,30

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

FROM THE MANITOUS.—The schooner Nelson arrived in this port yesterday afternoon from Oswego. She left the Manitous Saturday, and reports the steam-tug Salvor there at work getting the schooner Minnie Kinnie off, which he don't would be accomplished Sunday. The Leviathan had gone down to Detroit with the Enterprise. The Nelson had her bowsprit carried away in a squall yesterday between here and Grosse Point. She was laden with lumber and from the railroad from Bark Dunnbe and the schooner Three Bells left the Manitous before she did, and probably got in here last night.

SCHOONER POLAND ASHORE.—The bark Pacific arrived here last evening from Grand Traverse Bay. The captain of the schooner Poland came as passenger on her, and reports his vessel ashore on the east side of the peninsula, at the head of the bay; the place being a sandy beach, she will receive no material injury, and can be launched in the spring. Captain Gallitan reports the ecbr Storm adrift as being close by, and is probably in port by this time; also reports the brig Grand Island wrecked, viz: Lot, masts and rigging gone ashore two weeks ago Saturday, 2 miles above Grand Traverse, in Lake Michigan, instead of Huron as first reported. The schr Kenosha is thought also to be a total loss she went ashore at Thunder Bay Island, and broke in two by her main hatch. Her Captain (Kelley) reached this city with the crew yester ay. Behaving lost their boat, saved themselves by a raft. He is most grateful to the keeper of Thunder Bay light for his assistance and kindness to the half frozen crew.

☞ The schooner Sanderson which was ashore about 15 miles above here, has been got off. The captain threw overboard about 1,000 bushels wheat. The balance is not damaged.—Buffalo Express, 28th.

BY TELEGRPAH.

The Erie Canal.

ALBANY, Nov. 30.—Weather continues very mild, and favorable accounts from the West inspire us with a hope that all the produce now afloat in the canal will get through to tide water, and that navigation may be entirely resumed. A despatch to the Canal Auditor, received from Newark, Wayne Co., this A.M. says:

The weather is mild and the ice broken, and boats are moving. A boat loaded with flour reached Albany to-day, from Fort Jackson on Friday. This is quick time. A fleet of 22 boats reached Waterford yesterday and were immediately locked into the river, and are now on their way to New York with about 75,000 bushels corn and wheat. The Hudson is all clear of ice.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Nov. 30.—It has thawed here for the last two days and and rained heavily all this morning. The ice in the canal, though six inches thick, is breaking up.

T. Foster came up from Medina last night with an ice-breaker drawn by fourteen horses, and proceeded to Sulphur Springs, where he expects to meet a steam-tug from Buffalo. One hundred and fifty boats followed him. Appearances now indicate that navigation on the canal will be resumed this evening.

Later from California and Central America.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The steamship Northern Light, from Aspinwall on the 21st instant, with the California mails to Nov. 5, bringing nearly one and a quarter millions of specie and freight, arrived here yesterday P. M. The news from California is interesting.

An immense meeting of the citizens of San Francisco was held on the 1st, to give expression to the sense of the public on the loss of the Central America.

A project was on foot in California to create a new territory of the Great Basin, between the Goose Creek Mountains on the east, the Sierra Nevada on the west, and between Oregon and Utah line on the north, and Colorado river on the south.

A card had been published in the San Francisco papers, stating that the travel would be resumed on the Nicaragua route, and that on the arrival of the mail of the 20th of October, the sailing day would be announced.

The advices from Central America are important. Under present circumstances war had been officially declared between Nicaragua and Costa Rica, and President Martinez, of the former republic, was preparing to place himself at the head of the army.

His proclamation announces a determination to maintain the right of the republic, to the territory claimed by, and now in possession of the Costa Ricans. Col. Candi had possession of the River and Lake steamers. No important operations have been undertaken by either party.

BOSTON, Nov. 30.—The arrest of Wm. S. Tuckerman, it is thought, will explain the robbery of the Havana mail for the State of Maine, missing about the 21st of November. Also the mail from Portland for New York and the mail from Boston for New York, all missing on the New Haven land route about the same time. The missing Havana mail contained about 500 letters, 160 of which were for merchants. Tuckerman was examined at New Haven to-morrow.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—A heavy robbery was committed on board the bark Pawtucket, Saturday evening, which was lying in the stream, while the Captain was absent on shore. The cabin was entered and two sacks of doubloons, valued at $10,000, were stolen. The Pawtucket was bound for Trinidad.

SPRINGFIELD, Nov. 30.—W. T. Tuckerman, formerly Treasurer of the Eastern R. R., Boston, was arrested last night at New Haven, for mail robbery. He is now in jail and confesses his guilt.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 30.—A delegate Convention of the Free State party of Kansas has been called to meet at Lawrence on the second of December to take into consideration the present political position of the territory, and to designate some course to be pursued relative to the new Constitution.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 3.—The steamer New Lucy was burned on Wednesday last, while ice bound at Dewitt, in Missouri River. No lives lost. Loss $18,000. Insured $12,000. The mate and cook are missing.

Notice to Firemen.

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE members of the Firemen's Benevolent Association, at the Lake Avenue Engine House, on Tuesday, December 1st, at 7½ o'clock P. M., for the purpose of acting on the proposed Amendment to the Constitution, viz: The Committee propose to amend Article 2 of the Constitution (regulating fees) so as to read "One Dollar" instead of "Two Dollars" and "Five Dollars" in place of "Three Dollars" for Membership, added to said Article "said fund shall be applied to the relief of sick members, and no part thereof shall be set apart for burial purposes." "said fund shall be invested in the Stocks of the United States, or in such as have been issued in the liquidation of their debts, which shall be designated as the Relief Fund. Twenty-five cents from the relief of Widows and Orphans of deceased members, which shall be designated as the Widows and Orphans Fund. Twenty-five cents from each member, which shall be designated as the Sinking Fund. All moneys received as contributions, or for Life Membership, shall be credited to the Sinking Fund, unless otherwise desired by the contributor, in which event it shall be credited to the fund desired by him." Also to amend Article 6 (regulating meetings) so as to read "Regular meetings shall be held on the first Tuesday in each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M., at the Engine House of the Lake Avenue Engine Company, No. 4." Also Article 10 (regulating the business of meetings) so as to read "Fifteen members" in place of "A Year."

By order of the Board.

F. P. WOOD, Sec'y.

[Democrat, Journal, Times and States-Sentinel copy.]

To-Day's Advertisem'ts.

☞ JOB PRINTING! ☜

JOB PRINTING DONE ON SHORT NOTICE, in beautiful style and at the lowest rates: Apply at the TRIBUNE JOB ROOMS, No. 51 Clark street.

☞ Remember the place, and don't forget to send in your orders. oct15-1w

WANTED—A SITUATION AS DRESS-MAKER and to do Plain Sewing, or as Chamber Maid, in a private family. Best of references given. Please inquire at 95 Superior st. nov30-2*

WANTED—THREE RESPECTABLE women, not less than 25 years of age, to engage in a respectable and light business which will pay well. No capital wanted, but good references required. Address P. O. Box 413, for two days only. del2*

LOST—ON THE EVENING OF THE 26th, on Clark street, between Van Buren & Twelfth, a small MEMORANDUM BOOK, containing account, &c., valuable only to the owner. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the book at Messrs. Wadsworth & Wells, 56 & 58 Lake st. del-2*

NOTICE.—IT IS DESIRED BY THE undersigned, that for the present persons indebted to the firm of Lounsbury, Wright & Co., pay no money to any one except the Cashier, at his desk in the office, 166 South Water street. W. B. LOUNSBURY.

Chicago, Nov. 30, 1857.—del-1w

NOTICE TO SHOE MAKERS.—WANTED, one fine Boot, two Kip and two Sogo Boot Makers. The highest prices paid; cash every Saturday night. Premises on Wabash avenue and State street, a small dark sorrel MARE (both hind feet white), with Top Buggy, double seat, Buffalo Robe, lined with Tiger skin. The above reward will be paid on delivery of the property at the office of the subscribers, No. 76 Dearborn street.

Plymouth, Ind., Dec. 1, 1857—1w-p76 CLARKE & THOMAS.

$3,000 IN GOLD—FOR SALE BY R. K. WILLARD & YOUNG, 49 Clark street. del-1w-p76

$25 REWARD—STRAYED OR STOLEN on the evening of Nov. 26th, from Washington street, between Wabash avenue and State street, a small dark sorrel MARE (both hind feet white), with Top Buggy, double seat, Buffalo Robe, lined with Tiger skin. The above reward will be paid on delivery of the property at the office of the subscribers, No. 76 Dearborn street.

del-1w-p76 CLARKE & THOMAS.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN the payment of a certain promissory note for the sum of eight hundred and forty ($840) dollars, bearing date the fifteenth day of May, A. D. 1857, which said note is executed by Joseph Meighan to me, or the order of Hezekiah J. Co. six months after date, with interest at on per cent., after due, and is secured by a certain deed of trust of same date therewith, executed by Joseph Meighan to me, of the property hereinafter described, and recorded in Cook County Records in book No. 437 of deeds, on page 69, to which reference is hereby made for more particulars, and default having been made in the payment of said note, and by virtue of the authority vested in me by said deed of trust, on Friday, the eleventh day of December, A. D. 1857, at ten o'clock A. M., at the north door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, and all right and equity of redemption of the said Joseph Meighan, the premises in said deed of trust described, viz: Lot No. twenty-seven (27), in Block six (6), in Henry Walker's subdivision of the north-west quarter of the north-east quarter of section twenty (20), Tow n 39, north of range 14, east of 3d P. M., in Chicago, Cook county, State of Illinois.

Chicago, Nov. 20, 1857.—del-16t-p73 L. B. OTIS, Trustee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

WHEREAS AUGUSTINE CHESTER AND Marivette N., his wife did, on the first day of November, A. D. 1857, make, execute and deliver to George F. Rumsey a mortgage of the premises hereinafter described, to secure the payment of two certain promissory notes of even date with said mortgage, payable to the order of the said George F. Rumsey, as follows: ($8,720) six thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1858, and ($8,360) six thou and three hundred and sixty dollars on the first day of Nov mber, A. D. 1859, which said mortgage is record d in the Recorder's office in and for Cook county, State of Illinois, in Book 28 of mortgages, page 450.

And whereas it is provided in and by said mortgage, that if default be made in the payment of the said notes above described, or either of them, or any part thereof, according to their tenor and effects, the said George F. Rumsey, or his legal representatives or attorney, after having advertised such sale (60) sixty days in a newspaper published in the city of Chicago, might sell the said premises in said mortgage referred to and hereinafter described, or any part thereof, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House in the city of Chicago, at the time appointed in such advertisement, or might adjourn the sale from time to time as aforesaid.

And whereas default has been made in the payment of the first named promissory note above mentioned, due November 1st, A. D. 1858, for the said sum of six thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars ($6,720).

Now therefore, public notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, at the request of the legal holder of the said first note, by virtue of the power and authority vested in me by said mortgage above referred to, will on Monday, the 4th day of January next, A. D. 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M., sell at public vendue, at the north door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, county of Cook and State of Illinois, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described premises, being the same premises described in said mortgage) to wit: Lots (7) seven and (8) eight, and the south (½) twenty-nine feet of Lots (9) nine and (10) ten, in block (14) fourteen, in Wolcott's Addition to

DAILY TRIBUNE.

No. 51 CLARK STREET.

CITY OF CHICAGO.

Tuesday Morning.....Dec. 1, 1857.

AMERICAN STOCKS IN LONDON.—The following are the latest quotations of some of the American Securities in London:

[From the London Times, Nov. 14.]

Illinois Central Freehold	7 cent.	1880	70@72
" Construction	7 cent.	1875	70@72
"	6 cent.	1875	70@72
	$100 shares, $40 paid		14@12 dis.
Michigan Central	8 cent.	1882	75@80
"	8 cent.	1882	75@80
"	(sterling) 8 cent.	1882	90@100
"	$100 shares		45@50
Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana (sinking Fund)			
	7 cent.	1875	67@69
Michigan Southern & N. Ind. $100 shares			75@80
New York Central	6 cent.	1883	70@72
"	6 cent.	1883	70@72
	$100 shares		70@74
New York & Erie	7 cent. Mortgage	1859	70@72

The Extensive Swindle at St. Louis.

The St. Louis *Democrat*, of the 20th inst., contains a detailed account of the swindling operations of the firm of French & Hadsell, doing a large dry goods business in that city, by which they attempted to cheat a number of Eastern houses, located in Philadelphia, New York and Boston, out of a large sum of money, amounting in the aggregate to about $100,000, but more particularly the house of Pierce Brothers & Flanders, of the latter city, to whom they were indebted in the sum of about $30,000.—By the prompt and judicious action, however, of Mr. Carlos Pierce, the head of the firm, the game was blocked. Mr. P. went to St. Louis, watched operations, and finally made a descent upon the concern, but not until a large share of the goods had disappeared. French and Hadsell made their escape, the former to Bunker Hill, in this State, and the latter to New York, where, just about the time he was going to sail for Europe, was captured by the efforts of Mr. Pierce, and $20,000 got from him, which together with about $12,000 obtained from French, who was afterwards captured, fully makes up Messrs. Pierce Brothers & Flanders' loss.

For Free Soil, or for Abstract Humbug?

On the hypothesis that the *Times* is sincere in its hostility to the Lecompton Constitution, it is making a very respectable fight. It pitches into the Washington *Union*, and several Northern doughface papers, boldly and vigorously. But to make its blows felt and feared, it must contend more for the freedom of the territories, and less for the abstract humbug of popular sovereignty. If securing perfect freedom of action to the people of Kansas as pledged in the "stump speech in the belly of the Nebraska bill," will rescue that fair soil from the withering clutch of the slave-breeders, and if that is the object of the *Times*, in advocating the application of that principle, then we are ready to aid and assist it, in all honorable ways, for the accomplishment of that end. We conceive the loss or gain of Kansas to be the weight thrown into the scale which will carry down the beam for Freedom or Slavery in the future.

If Kansas is lost, the territory west and south of it will fall into the hands of the Slave Power. If she is saved, not only will all the other territory come into the Union as Free States, but Missouri herself will be restored to the side of Free Labor, and a Free State ere long, will be carved from the western half of Texas. When this is accomplished, slavery will be surrounded and left to wither, smother and expire. Its day of national dominion and aggression will be past forever. Does the *Times* sympathize with this view of the contest?

War Upon our Free Schools.

Archbishop Hughes is again agitating the Common School question. This ambitious prelate has been long enough a resident of the United States and is familiar enough with the effects of free thought in this country to be aware of the influence of American Common Schools upon the impressible youth of his flock. The simple rudiments of education therein acquired, in which nothing of either Catholic or Protestant theology can be found, annually emancipate from his priestly tyranny more of the nominal members of his Church than the failing emigration is able to bring in. Even where a connection with the Church is maintained by the youth who have felt the vertifying and expanding influence of American instruction, they cease to be machines in ecclesiastical hands. The right to question the absurd dogma, to ridicule the arrogant pretensions, to disbelieve the humbugging modern miracles, to hoot at the suppositious saints of the Papacy, they are sure to acquire and do not readily yield up. They get notions of responsibility for their own actions; acquire an ugly habit of asking impertinent questions, of doubting the efficacy of priestly absolution, though roundly paid for, and of exercising the Protestant privilege of private judgment, to which the young in purely Catholic countries are strangers, and which never fail to astound if they do not horrify their ghostly advisers. These are just the effects that the Archbishop dreads. His remedy is, of course, Catholic schools, in which sleek, long-coated Jesuits shall teach the infallibility of the Pope along with the rudiments of the language, the doctrine of the Immaculate Conception with the elements of Mathematics, and the sovereign power of the Roman Pontiff in all things both spiritual and temporal, with the outlines of history—who shall, in short, neglect no pains, spare no labor, stick at no falsehood to continue in America the moral and intellectual blindness which are at once the curse and characteristic of the Catholic population of Ireland. The efforts of the Archbishop, though seconded by all his inferior clergy and the entire Catholic population of the country, to change the long-established and eminently just policy of the Northern and Western States in this matter of education, would be unavailing if they were not also backed up by a powerful and now dominant political party, to which—as the representative and exponent of Despotism in Government—Catholicism—the embodiment of all that is intolerant, bigoted, false and implacable in religion—is closely allied. Being so supported, we shall listen with anxiety for the response to the Archbishop's cry of distress. Doubtless he speaks for a purpose. Whether that is to keep alive the old Catholic hate against Protestants and Protestant institutions, or whether to commence a crusade against education—secular education, in which is no admixture of doctrinal dogmas—events will determine. If the present is thought to be a favorable time for a renewal of the old strife, the effort to make Catholicism an institution under the patronage of, and supported by, the State, will soon be apparent. Let us see how the Congo Democracy will receive the proposition?

An Awful Sight.

By the late foreign arrival we have the following item:

"Accounts from Cronstadt state that English divers had been sent down by the Russian government to examine the line-of-battle ship the Lefort, which recently sunk in the Baltic. An immense mass of human bodies were found below. The effect produced on one of the drivers by the sad sight was such that no report could be obtained from him, and he refused to descend a second time."

The vessel it will be remembered went down with 1,000 souls on board, every one of whom perished.

TEXAS ELECTION.—The official vote cast at the last election in Texas for Governor, has just been published, and the aggregates are as follows:

Runnels (Democrat)	39,585
Houston (American)	30,661
Democratic majority	8,924

HOUSTON has a larger vote than the telegraphic accounts gave him credit for. The vote is a small one.

NEWSPAPER SUSPENSIONS IN MINNESOTA.—The present state of financial affairs is making sad inroads upon the press throughout Minnesota. The Olmstead *Journal*, the Winona *Argus*, the Traverse des Sioux *Register*, the Shakopee *Advocate*, the Southern Minnesota *Star*, the Stillwater *Union*, and the Dakota *Journal*, have all suspended publication. The first three indefinitely—the last three promise to resume.

The Hill in the Cocoanut.

It is sad to see how the promise or hope of an office chills the love of freedom in Democratic editorial hearts, and paralyzes good intentions. Let us cite a few instances.

When the character of the Lecompton Constitution became first known, and before the President had expressed his opinion in the premises, the Cincinnati *Enquirer* avowed its hostility to the work of the Convention. But the lightning soon made known the royal will, and the *Enquirer* became first dumb, then balked, next spoke "ifs" and "buts," last *caved*. It now goes slavery up to the hub. Now for the reason: Its editor is a candidate for Post Master of Cincinnati!

The Cleveland *Plaindealer* at first denounced the Lecompton swindle; but discretion is the better part of valor with its editor. The President took snuff, and Gray sneezed. He swallows the dose after a mild protest. Reason: He is Post Master of Cleveland—reason enough.

The editor of the Albany *Argus* is after a fat office, and consequently *he* can't afford to sustain and defend the past pledges of his party, and therefore is now daily engaged in the *honorable* occupation of inventing apologies, or echoing those invented by the Washington *Union*, for the abandonment of principle and betrayal of party confidence. The Rochester *Union* is edited by a hungry fellow, who is a candidate for the Rochester Post Office, and of course he goes with the slaveholders, and turns a summersault. We could give several other notable examples, including the editor of the Boston *Post*, who holds a lucrative federal appointment, but those enumerated sufficiently illustrate and prove the truth of the remark at the head of this article.

The editor of the Chicago *Times* is not a candidate for Federal office, and consequently he is neither tongue-tied nor a feed attorney, engaged to pettifog the cause of the Slaveholder, therefore we may look for more talking out in meeting from that quarter. It has been the policy of this Administration, from the start, to subsidize the Democratic editors—chiefly with Post Office appointments—and thereby command their influence in any emergency, and in behalf of any measure or policy, regardless of principles, honor or consistency.

But in the disbursement of favors the *Times* was neglected. It was thought that it was sufficiently attached to the personal interests of DOUGLAS, to prevent it from bolting in any contingency; and that DOUGLAS being an aspirant for the Presidency, and so deeply involved in the conspiracy against Freedom, that it were impossible for him to bolt. But the immediate necessities of his position, proving superior to his hopes of ultimate aggrandizement—in fact, his re-election to the U. S. Senate being a condition precedent to a Presidential nomination, he was obliged to bolt, to keep from being ground to powder between the upper and nether millstones of his constituency—the Republicans opposing him for his general treason, as the Democracy may do for the special treason. And DOUGLAS having taken issue with the Administration, it is not astonishing that his personal organ would also fly the track, and follow the fortunes of its master.

What effect a five thousand dollars office might have produced on the published opinions of the *Times* editor, we can only surmise, or rather infer from the effect such things had on the minds of Democratic editors elsewhere. We will not do them the injustice of insinuating that their political integrity was more valuable than that of the Chicago editor.

Wait, but be Prepared.

Whatever may be the result of the application that will be made to Congress for the admission of Kansas under her Pro-Slavery Constitution, the people of that Territory will insist upon their rights. Their courage and devotion have at last wrung from DOUGLAS, the author of their woes, an emphatic acknowledgment of their manifold wrongs; and now, being endorsed even by the doughfaces of the North, they will not hesitate to use all the means and appliances within their reach for the preservation of the liberty for which they have heretofore fought. Up to this time they have not contended against Missouri and Kansas Border Ruffians alone; but against them and the power of the Federal Government and the Democratic party. If that government loses its moral force by reason of an united outcry from sixteen States against its tyrannical proceedings, and if that party splits in twain by the fear of the Free Soil sentiment which it has learned to respect, the men of Kansas will be able to fight their own battles and command respect for their inalienable rights. Even now, such is the temper of that long and cruelly outraged people, that we shall not be surprised to learn by next advices from the West that they are in arms against their oppressors; and that the minions of the tyranny imposed upon them have been summarily but righteously removed. The justification for what we fear may have already occurred will be patent to every man that knows Kansas history as it is; but if they have not already made an application of that argument which tyrants best understand, let us exhort them to wait upon the aroused sentiment of justice which now seems to animate the North. If that fails to bring relief, there will be yet ample time to strike. Wait, but be prepared for the worst. If the blindness and fatuity of those who rule us, is such that a trial of arms will be necessary to secure for our brothers in the West that liberty for which our fathers bled, let them be assured that they will not fight the battle alone. With the consummation of the iniquity now preparing, the North will be ready for revolution. Wait, but watch and pray!

Departure from Democratic Usage.

The line of "safe precedent" in the Democratic party is implicit obedience to the orders and dogmas of the Central Regency. Follow your leaders, is the time-sanctioned policy of that organization. With the opposition it has always been more honored in the breach than in the observance. At present a considerable number of Northern Democratic journals give indications of possessing opinions of their own, and exhibit signs of intentions to stand by them. How this contumacious rebellion will be met, put down and punished, time will demonstrate.

BUSINESS MEN AND BANKING.—A proposition has been discussed by the Philadelphia Board of Trade, commending to the consideration of Legislature the the project of a single department of issue, to which shall belong exclusively the privilege of issuing bank notes for the entire State, upon the deposit of pledged securities and specie in proportion; the department to be prohibited from issuing notes under twenty dollars; stockholders to incur unlimited liabilities, and statements of the transactions and condition of the department to be published. An opinion was favored to call a Congress of business men to have said project adopted in every State.

A GARROTE FLATTENED.—On Friday night last in New York, a big, stout, well dressed young fellow undertook to garrote Mr. Alpha Child, by seizing him round the neck, and demanding his money. Mr. C. gave him $7, all he had, when the fellow snatched Mr. C.'s shawl and told him if he would walk home quietly he would not harm him. The fellow then commenced putting on his gloves, when Mr. Child seized a cane which he had under his arm, and dealt him two powerful blows which laid him flat on the sidewalk, and then seizing his shawl made his escape to the Station House, from which men were immediately sent, but they were unable to find the garroter.

HEAVY ROBBERY.—Mr. C. R. White, of Philadelphia, started from Cairo, in this State, for Charleston, Mo., on the 17th inst., and not being able to procure a horse, concluded to make the journey, a distance of twelve miles, on foot. When three miles from Birdville, he was overtaken by two Irishmen, who pretended to be fellow-travelers, but who, after walking some distance with him, knocked him down and robbed him of seventeen hundred dollars.

Letter from Burlington.

[Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.]

BURLINGTON, Iowa, Nov. 28, 1857.

Editors Tribune:—Since my last letter we have again been visited by old Boreas, and accompanying him a snow storm, which, falling to the depth of about two inches, whitened our streets and house-tops, and afforded a day or two of fine sport to the lovers of good sleighing. On Thursday, the 19th inst., the river was, for the first time this season, full of floating ice, and since that time has been much obstructed, and navigation almost wholly closed by the same. The last boat of the season, the J. McKee, passed down on Monday. Stages are now resuming their regular winter trips from this point. Under the genial influence of the sun, the ice has been growing beautifully less; still it holds quite firm near either shore, and I very much doubt whether it will wholly disappear before spring.

Thanksgiving passed off much as usual. Rev. Mr. Salter, of the Congregational Church, delivered an excellent discourse upon "The Relation of Religion to the State," which I had the pleasure of hearing. I hope it may yet find its way into print.

Money matters continue very tight hereabouts. I have heard of an instance, where a gentleman offered $800 security to raise $90, and was unable to procure it. We confidently expect better times soon. A SUBSCRIBER.

Our Legislature meets at Des Moines, the new capital, early in January. Suitable buildings have been provided for the present accommodation. There will be some important business before their honorable body. The election of a United States Senator, and the putting in motion the machinery of State under the provisions of the new constitution, are but a part of their labors. Quite a brisk time is expected in regard to that part of the Constitution authorizing the establishment of banks. Many schemes are proposed—but *one* can be adopted, and the people will gladly sanction any legislation which will give us a sound, reliable banking system. An effort will be made to gain the consent of the State to the transferring of the lands granted to the Des Moines River Improvement and Navigation Co. to the use and benefit of the Keokuk, Fort des Moines & Minnesota R. R. Co. It will meet with strong opposition from the Improvement Co., though for all practical and beneficial uses it had better be in the hands of the R. R. Co. Quite a discussion has sprung up among the Republican newspapers of the State, as to who shall be the next Senator. Some claim that he should be selected from the Northern part of the State, as the Southern part has one already, but the greater part, eschewing all local prejudices, desire the election of the best man, and general opinion seems to point to Governor Grimes, a sterling Republican,—a self-made man and one in every way qualified for the position—as the man. The Governor has fought the "good fight" under many disadvantages, may he have his reward.

Judge Cloggett disposed of Mr. Dunham's case by fining him $50, from which decision Mr. Dunham appealed. The Judge did not think best to proportionate his bail, to that demanded in the Abrams's case, *i. e.* require him to give bail-bond in the sum of $25,000. He has had his fingers burnt now by endeavoring to stifle the press; may he be wiser in the future.

Emigration this fall has been remarkably light, owing principally to the closing of the land offices to locate the railroad grants. MAXIMILIAN.

The Democratic Rupture.

[Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.]

RACINE, Nov. 30th, 1857.

Messrs. Editors—The present dissension between the fire-eating and conservative wings of the Democracy—now in its incipiency, but which appears likely to develop into an open and fierce conflict, exceeding in bitterness the "Wars of the Roses"—presents to my mind an interesting problem. In endeavoring to solve it, various theories have presented themselves. My first thought was that the position of the *Times* would receive the endorsement of the Administration. I could not conceive that James Buchanan, with pledges of fairness yet warm upon his lips, would or could sink himself to such a depth of political baseness as to countenance the unparalleled usurpation of the Bogus Legislature of Kansas in denying the right of the people of that Territory to vote upon their own constitution. But the articles of the Washington *Union* concerning this issue, fully reflecting the Presidential opinions, unblushingly sustaining the outrage, at once dissipated all such charitable predispositions on my part. The *Times*, the Milwaukee *News*, &c., are thus left in direct conflict with the "Powers that be," and suggests the question what will grow out of this position of affairs in the Democratic household? "A house divided against itself cannot stand." Is the great *National* Democratic party to be rent asunder by a *Sectional* issue? It is peculiarly refreshing to us here in Wisconsin to read the piteous "shrieks for Freedom" uttered by Little Dug's home organ—and we are led to ask, will the "House of Douglas" maintain its present position, or will it succumb? If we could place a grain of confidence in the honesty of that great Mogul of northern doughfaces, we might look for something good in Denmark; but the writer can only see in this pretended kicking in the Pro-Slavery traces, the scheming treachery of Douglas, exercising itself for the purpose of paving the way for a continued aggression on the part of the Oligarchy. He is merely raising a cloud of smoke to conceal some meditated plot of consuming with the fire of tyranny the temple of American Liberty.

The slave power having found "the Douglas" so pliant in the Nebraska infamy, are but again using their supple tool to perform a dirtier work. Apprehending that this culminating stroke in a plot against freedom would rouse the latent love of liberty in the honest portion of the Democracy and generate a schism in the party, they have taken the precaution to "fix the thing" so that it shall work no disadvantage to them. If there *is* to be an alienation of the two branches, Douglas is to *lead* the Northern one—is to take it under his protecting wing. Then having control of it, he can bargain and sell, for the self-aggrandizement of the "Little Giant" and the harmony and union of the party. This, I believe, is the plan, so characteristic of the Pro-Slavery propagands, concocted in order that if our outraged decency should compell the few remaining honest men in their ranks to secede that the Douglasses of the North, together with their coadjutors of the South should possess the power, to manœuver a reconciliation on some compromise ground, (the purchase of Cuba for instance) and presuming on the blind devotion to the party of their adherents, force the rank and file, in order to "save the Union," to swallow the pill and fall in with the arrangement. The position of these creatures establishes this: Douglas dare not hazard his chances at Charleston in 1860, by taking an independent course. He has not the stamina to face the music of Southern displeasure. Postmaster Sharpstein, of the *News*, and Gray, of the Cleveland *Plain Dealer* are mere puppets of the Administration, and move only as their masters pull the wires. Their political bread and butter depends upon their fidelity to their Southern task-masters. This fact stamps any objections they may raise to the administrational course as mere pretence, and proves their pretended independence a sham and a fraud upon the people. AYDEN.

A Tough Law Suit Decided.

After nearly twenty years of litigation, and final decision by the Court of Appeals, attended with immense cost and immense fees to lawyers, a large portion of the Trust funds was paid over yesterday to the legal claimants. The deposit of J. J. Palmer, special receiver of the North American Trust and Banking Company, amounting to about $600,000 a $700,000, was yesterday withdrawn and paid over to the holders of the company's trust bonds on account of their claims, awarded by the late decision of the Court of Appeals. The balance of the assets in the hands of the special receiver, amounting to about the same sum, and consisting of bonds and mortgages on real estate, will be paid over ratebably to the holders as soon as collected. Only a portion of the funds thus thrown into the market have been re-invested here, the largest portion having been engaged to go out by the Arabia to-day. The recipients, Messrs. Palmer, McKillop, Dent & Co., of London, will doubtless be glad to receive even a portion of their old and long contested claim.—*N. Y. Herald.*

THEN AND NOW.—"We intend the Constitution to be the great charter of human Liberty to the unborn millions who shall enjoy its protection; and who should never see that such an institution as Slavery was ever known in our midst."—JAMES MADISON.

"Slavery exists in Kansas under the Constitution."—JAMES BUCHANAN.

The former expresses the views of the Republican party; the latter the views of the so-called Democratic party.

☞ FORNEY'S Philadelphia *Press* asserts that NATHAN CLIFFORD, of Maine, will be appointed to the Bench of the U. S. Supreme Court, in place of Hon. B. R. CURTIS, of Massachusetts, resigned. Mr. CLIFFORD was Attorney General in President POLK'S Cabinet.

☞ The Galena *Advertiser* is informed by a gentleman who came down from St. Paul last week, that a part of the way snow was found sixteen inches deep on a level. At Chippewa, last Tuesday morning, the mercury stood at 12 deg. below zero.

The Parish Will Case.

From the New York Tribune.

A year ago last April, a case was commenced in the Surrogate's Court in New York City, which was concluded on Monday last, after one hundred and eleven sittings occupied in the examination of witnesses, and two weeks in the arguments of counsel. The Parish Will case is undoubtedly the most important case, in the amount of property involved, the peculiar and remarkable features which characterize it throughout, and in the eminence of counsel engaged, which has ever been submitted to the Court of Probate in New York City.

Henry Parish, for many years a prominent merchant in New York City, as well as in Charleston and New Orleans, made a will in 1842, in which he bequeathed a large property to his wife, provided handsomely for a large circle of relatives and friends, while the residue, if any, after satisfying sundry specific bequests, was given to his brothers Daniel and James. In 1849, Mr. Parish was struck with paralysis, and from that time to his death, in 1856, was deprived entirely of the use of his right side, and almost entirely of his power of speech.

After this paralysis, three codicils were made to the original will. In these he revoked the appointment of his brothers as executors, and the bequest to them of his residuary estate, and after various bequests to charitable institutions leaves the whole of his residuum to his wife.—His estate during his illness had increased very largely in value, being estimated in 1842, at the time of making the original will, at about $700,000, and at the time of his death, in 1856, at rather more that $1,500,000. The probate of the codicils made after the attack in 1849 is opposed by Daniel and James Parish, on the ground of incompetency and undue influence on the part of the wife. The original will and the codicils are opposed by the two sister, of the decedent on the ground of implied revocation.

With the decision of Judge Bradford will close the immediate interest which the public have felt in the cause. This may be expected, we understand, by about the 1st of January next.

HORRIBLE DEATH OF AN ILLINOISIAN IN OREGON.—One John Rules, of Springfield, Ill., came to his death in a terrible manner on Sept. 15, near Columbia, Oregon Territory. The Tuolumne *Courier* says that he had been indulging freely, and being rather noisy, a friend volunteered to see him home. After some trouble he was mounted upon his friend's horse, and, for greater security, his legs were tied together under the horse's belly. The party then set out for Springfield, Rules' companion leading the horse. When near the lower end of Broadway the animal became restive, reared and fell back on his rider, but immediately sprang up and galloped away like the wind.—As the horse got to his feet the saddle turned with Rules, and being fastened to the beast, at every bound his head dashed against the ground. This Mazeppa-like ride was checked at Brazee's lumber yard, upward of a quarter of a mile from the starting point. Rules was taken from the horse dead and horribly mangled. His arm was broken in several places, and his brains mingled with the dust of the road.

ILLINOIS MATTERS.

....The official vote for Judge of the Supreme Court of the First Grand Division in this State foots up as follows: Breese, 19,099; Webb, 16,854; Dougherty, 6,780; Breese's majority over Webb 2,245.

....E.P. Wilcox was badly injured on Friday of last week, at Ottawa, by being thrown from his wagon. He is yet living, but not expected to survive.

....On Tuesday last 26 prisoners arrived at the State Prison at Alton from this city.

....Messrs. Hicks & Murray, of the Alton House, have reduced the price of board 50 cents a day. Their charge now is $1.50 per day.

....John G. Thirer, an old and respected citizen of Galena, was instantly killed at Allenwrath Diggings, near Galena, on the 25th inst., by the fall of a ladder, on which he was descending into a mineral shaft.

....The Keokuk House, at Plymouth, was entirely destroyed by fire on the morning of the 17th. The inmates of the house had barely time to escape, leaving all the furniture, clothing, &c., a prey to the flames.

The Library set apart for the Court and Bar, at Springfield, has received considerable acquisition in the way of valuable books from the publishing house of T. & J. W. Johnson, Philadelphia. The most of these books were procured by the firm in England, and are of rare and valuable quality. This Law Library now contains several thousand volumes of law books, not including the many volumes of paper bound statutes, which are usually counted in swelling the size of a library. This is doubtless the best Law Library in the West. The Legislature of Illinois is entitled to the thanks of the bar, for the generous appropriations it has made to build up this library.

....A car on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy train took fire on Monday night last, shortly after leaving this city. The alarm was given, the train stopped, and the fire put out. There were no passengers in the car. On leaving Mendota a number of passengers came on board and took seats in this car, and after going about 30 miles, the car again caught fire around the stove pipe, the same place as before. Before the train could be stopped, great confusion took place, and several ladies attempted to leap from the windows—the door of the car having been locked to prevent accidents by a rush to the door. The train was finally stopped and the passengers escaped without any serious injury. The car was so damaged that they were obliged to leave it.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT ROCKFORD.—At about half past 2 on Saturday morning a fire broke out in the Bookstore of Messrs. Huntington & Barnes, on the east side of the river at Rockford, which destroyed the block of two stores in which it is located, and badly damaged the stone building adjoining by the falling walls. The block was a fine three story brick block, occupied on the first floor by Messrs. Huntington & Barnes for a Bookstore and Bindery, and by Wm. Smith as a Harness and Saddle establishment. The block was owned by L. Peak, and cost $7,000—total loss, as his policies of insurance upon it ran out some weeks since and were not renewed.

Messrs. Huntington & Barnes lost their entire stock, valued at some $12,000, upon which the only insurance was in the Ætna for $3,000, effected not a week since.

Wm. Smith, Harness establishment—stock and goods all saved.

The second story was occupied by two families—one by the name of Webb, lost everything—escaping in their night-clothes after the fire had broken through the floor; the other named Chapin, saved a chest of tools and a few articles of clothing.

The third story was occupied on the west side for a pistol gallery—loss trifling. On the east side of the same story was the Hall of the Forest City Lodge of Good Templars—lost everything, but the amount was not ascertained.

The two story stone building adjoining was owned by J. H. Kirk and occupied as a Grocery store by A. D. Kinne. Goods all saved; no insurance on the building.

The aggregate loss cannot be less than $20,000—insured for $3,000.

....The citizens of Wabash county voted at the late election, by a majority of 171, to issue the bonds of the county for $100,000 to the Vincennes and Mound City Railroad.

....The dwelling house of N. Brown, at Chenoa, was entirely destroyed by fire on the 25th inst. Mr. Brown lost all his furniture, clothing, &c., the family barely escaping with their lives.

....Mr. A. C. Pearcy, of the New York Juvenile Asylum, arrived in Atlanta, in this State, last week, with forty-five children from that institution. His object in bringing them was to find suitable homes. Intimations of their expected arrival were given some days before, and applications by over one hundred were made for these orphans; and the whole number provided with homes in a very few hours after their arrival. In many cases there were ten or fifteen applicants for a single child. Many of them found homes in the best families in Atlanta. Those who failed in getting children will be provided hereafter by Mr. Pearcy.—The children were all intelligent, well dressed and healthy, and gave good promise of future usefulness.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

Mr. John Martin, of London, is being put in possession of the "Jennen's property," which for so very long a period has been without a recognized heir. The cash he inherits amounts to the inconvenient sum of $80,000,000, while his income will be $1,250,000 per annum. The inheritor has been wretchedly poor all his preceding life.

....An editor thus advertises his missing hat: The gentleman who inadvertently took a new beaver, and left an inferior article in its stead, will do us infinite kindness by returning our own, and he shall receive our warmest thanks, and two apologies; an apology for the trouble we have given *him*, and the "apology for a hat" he left us!

....Hon. Clement C. Clay, Jr., has been re-elected United States Senator from Alabama for six years from the 4th of March, 1859, when his present term will expire.

....Among the passengers by the steamer Vanderbilt, from Liverpool, is Col. Ten Broeck owner of Prioress, Skirmisher, &c.

....A Boston correspondent of the New York *Christian Advocate* says that owing to the presence of the times, the *Universalist Quarterly* will probably be discontinued, and that the *Puritan Review*, for the starting of which preliminary measures have been taken by the Calvinists of Boston and vicinity, will have to be abandoned.

....The widow of Lord Byron has sent over from England a contribution of $25 to the Children's Aid Society in New York, to be used for the benefit of poor children.

....At the State Agricultural Fair at Stockton, Cal., among the prizes offered, was a $50 dress for the best loaf of domestic bread, to be made by a young unmarried lady. There were about one hundred competitors. A committee of housewives made the award, and the prize fell to Anna VanValkenburg, of Stockton, who is but 11 years old.

....Judge Claggett has finally sentenced the editor of the Burlington *Hawkeye* to a fine of $50, for "contempt of court!" The editor has appealed. The "contempt" was for condemning the course of the judge in requiring $50,000 bail in an appeal case for $100.

....Mrs. Ann Phenix, of Delavan, Wis., was was killed at Delevan Creek, on the 19th, by being run over by a freight train on the Racine and Mississippi road. She was about 60 years of age.

....A woman was burnt to death on the 24th inst., a few miles from Clinton, Michigan, by the house taking fire early in the morning, before she had risen. Her two children escaped.

....The Philadelphia *Evening Journal* prints an extract from a letter from England, received by a gentleman of that city, which states the number of Sepoys slaughtered at the storming and capture of Delhi at ten thousand.

....The public men of the Old Dominion have such an intense horror of all customs of Yankeeorigin; that the Governor always refuses to appoint a day of thanksgiving in that State, as is done in about every other State in the Union. This year even South Carolina has come into the festive throng, but Virginia remains apart, taking no notice of the matter.

....Barns' question, "What can a young lassie do with a old man?" has been answered in the case of Miss Elmira W. Wingate, of Bedford county, Virginia, who sued Wm. Sicin, for a breach of promise, and recovered $27,000. The lady is about 34 years of age, and the gentleman 80. Certainly, she made good use of this very "old man."

....A severe earthquake was experienced at Columbus, Ky., on the morning of the 17th inst. The shock was of short duration, but very violent.

....The engineers of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, were on a strike on Saturday. No trains left Pittsburg on that day.

....A clergyman, who was consoling a young widow on the death of her husband, spoke in a very serious tone, remarking that he was "one of the few—such a jewel of a Christian—you cannot find his equal, you well know." To which the sobbing fair one replied, with an almost broken heart: "*I'll bet I will!*"

....Porter, the Pacific Railroad defaulter, has been convicted of embezzlement at Jefferson City, Mo., and sentenced to the penitentiary for two years.

....The St. Paul *Times* puts down the population of that city at 12,000 instead of 14,000, as has been hitherto claimed for it.

....In undertaking to raise the submerged portion of the transatlantic telegraphic cable, the shore end has been broken. This will very seriously embarrass the enterprise of securing it. It was carried on under the superintendence of Mr. Bright, the late engineer of the company.

....The captain of the steamer Menemon Sanford is on trial in Boston for manslaughter, in making no efforts to save the life of Allen Frazee, who fell overboard from the steamer and was drowned, in September, 1856.

A BANQUET ON HORSE FLESH.—The Manchester (Eng.) *Guardian* contains an account of a feast on horse flesh, got up by Mons. Renault, head director of the Vetrinary School at Alfort, to which some eight or ten distinguished savans were invited. The object of the feast was to test, by comparison with ordinary beef, the merits of the two articles. At the first course the horse flesh was pronounced superior to the beef, but at the second the verdict was in favor of the beef. At the third and final trial, horse flesh was triumphant. The following extract will show how the food was prepared:

"The banquet closed with a fine, fat, thick fillet of horse, larded and dressed as they dress here roe venison, viz: plunged for a few days into a preparation of salt, spices, herbs, onions, Madeira and a dash of vinegar, and then roasted—a most delicate device to be noticed, and one which no real gourmet ever forgets when he has once tried it. The fillet of horse was triumphantly welcomed and voted super-excellent, tender, juicy, fat, high flavored; more delicate than the stag, more melting than the roe, more 'gamy' than beef.

It was unanimously pronounced to be a great discovery, an immense addition to the pleasures of the table—a sort of mixture between hare, venison and butcher's meat. Every guest present, it seems, begged that the cook might have orders to cut off a good slice, and that each person might carry it home into his own family and make the female inmates of his house judges, in their turn, of its excellence."

RE-OPENING OF
Mirasole's Dancing Academy.

S. G. MIRASOLE, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and patrons, begs leave to announce that he has re-opened his Dancing Academy, at the old location, No. 109 old, No. 183 Randolph street.

M. Mirasole takes pleasure in referring to all his former pupils for the universal satisfaction which he has given during a long residence in this city.

Private Lessons will be given at the residences of the Pupils when desired.

Juvenile Classes will be attended by Madame Mirasole.

Every TUESDAY evening there will be a Social Soiree, to which ladies and gentlemen are invited.

☞ For terms, &c., apply at the Academy, from 12 to 1, 2 to 4, and 7 to 10 o'clock.

Chicago, Oct. 1, 1857.—oct-1m-d

200 TONS TIMOTHY HAY WANTED, a part of it immediately, for which a fair market price will be paid to cash on delivery at our Hay Press, Maxwell street, corner Blue Island avenue, West Division.

oct5-1m FRIBELE BROTHERS.

LADIES' FINE STATIONERY, IN GREAT variety, for sale by A. H. BURLEY & CO.

POCKET CUTLERY, OF THE VERY best quality, for sale by A. H. BURLEY & CO.

BACKGAMMON BOARDS, CHESS-MEN, Draughts, &c., &c., for sale by A. H. BURLEY & CO.

WRITING DESKS.—A FINE ASSORTMENT for sale by A. H. BURLEY & CO.

PORTFOLIOS—CAP AND LETTER sizes, French and English Morocco—for sale by A. H. BURLEY & CO.

GENTLEMEN'S POCKET BOOKS AND WALLETS.—A great variety of styles for sale by A. H. BURLEY & CO.

BANKERS' CASES AND NOTE WRAPPERS, with strap or lock, for sale by A. H. BURLEY & CO.

THERMOMETERS.—GREAT VARIETY, just received. PENTON, FISHER & CO., Druggists & Manufacturers.

MENEELEY BELLS.—CHURCH, FACTORY and School House Bells, at head of the West Lake street bridge. H. W. RAYMOND & SON

RAILROAD AND MACHINERY OIL FOR sale by CHARLES CLEAVES, 45 South Water street.

SCYTHES.—500 DOZ. GRASS SCYTHES, Blood's, etc., cast steel Garden steel, for sale by WILLIAM BLAIR & CO. 125 Lake street.

Miscellaneous.

THE GREAT WESTERN
LEATHER STORE,
Nos. 201 & 203 S. Water Street,
[Two Doors from Wells Street Bridge,] Chicago, Illinois
WILL BE OPENED ON
Monday, September 7, 1857,
WITH A
LARGE STOCK OF BOOT AND SHOE
LEATHER OF SUPERIOR QUALITY,
Which will be sold at
Low Prices for Cash or Approved Short Paper,
BY
RICHARD T. BLACKBURN.
aug4

$100,000 Worth of HATS, CAPS, AND FUR GOODS.

J. A. SMITH & CO.,
118.....Lake Street.....118
Now offer their Stock of
Very Choice Goods
AT A SMALL ADVANCE FROM ACTUAL COST
LADIES' & GENTS' FINE FUR GOODS,
Which for richness and beauty of style cannot be excelled in either Europe or America, and are mostly of our own manufacture, and we will sell them
Full 10 Per Cent. Lower
Than any other Fur Dealer in the city.
☞ We make over and repair all kinds of Fur Garments on short notice, and charges reasonable.
The Ladies are invited to examine our stock. oct7-1m-201

SCRIVEN'S
GENERAL ADVERTISING AGENCY,
63 Dearborn Street.
THE ATTENTION OF THE MERCHANTS and business men of Chicago is requested to the facilities possessed by the undersigned for advertising their business in the most widely circulated and best papers of the North-west. From long experience in the business, he hopes to merit a further continuance of their patronage.
oct20-6m-844 C. M. SCRIVEN.

500 REMI PCS OF DICKEY'S PURE LINENS for sale at 242 South Clark street, 20 per cent. less than any other House in Chicago, with a general assortment of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods.
nov28-1w* S. M. FADDEN.

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!
CLOSING OUT!
THE REMNANT OF THE LARGE STOCK of FURS which was sold at auction in Dearborn street, is now offered to the public at
25 per ct. Below Actual New York Cost Price,
AT 181½ SOUTH CLARK STREET.
I guarantee to all those who could not attend the auctions such inducements as they may never have again—to buy FURS of leather and Clothing cheaper than ever known before. Call on us and be convinced; but what we state above is the actual fact, and no fiction.
☞ Please remember that No. 181½ South Clark street is the place where you can buy cheap Furs.
nov28-1w* A. MURRAY, Agent.

For Manitowoc, Two Rivers, Sheboygan,
AND ALL INTERMEDIATE PORTS.
THE STEAMER HURON, CAPT. MORGAN, will leave for the above ports on MONDAY NIGHT, November 23d, at 6 o'clock.
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
nov23-1m-g26 GEO. C. DREW.

LEATHER--LEATHER.
JAMES KELLY,
LATE KELLY & BLACKBURN, HAVING purchased the entire interest in the business, would inform the customers of the late firm and the public generally, that he continues the business at the Old Stand,
No. 249 Lake Street,
Near the Bridge, where he hopes to be favored with a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed on the old firm. He will have constantly on hand a large stock of the best brands of
FRENCH AND AMERICAN
KIP AND CALF SKINS,
SPANISH AND SLAUGHTER SOLE,
LININGS, LASTS, &c.,
LEATHER AND RUBBER BELTING,
which he will always sell at

DAILY TRIBUNE.

TUESDAY MORNING.....DECEMBER 1.

THE INDIAN MUTINY.

Fall of Delhi and Relief of Lucknow.

THE CAPTURE OF DELHI.

[From the Bombay Gazette, Oct. 17.]

The following account of the last days of the siege of Delhi and the assault of the place will be read with much interest. It is written by an eye witness:

[We omit the long introductory remarks narrating the preliminary preparations for the assault.]

Our available force amounted in round numbers to 6,500 infantry, 1,000 cavalry, and 600 artillery, Europeans and natives.

On the the 11th our batteries opened fire, a salvo from the nine twenty-four pounders opening the ball, and showing by the way it brought down the wall in huge fragments, what effect it might be able to produce after a few hours. The Cashmere Bastion attempted to reply, but was quickly silenced, and both portions of No. 2 went to work in fine style, knocking the bastion and adjacent curtains to pieces.

On the 13th the full power of our artillery was shown, and a continuous roar of fifty guns and mortars pouring shot and shell on the devoted city, warned the enemy that his and our time had at length come. Night and day, until the morning of the 14th, was this overwhelming fire continued. But the enemy did not let us have it all our own way. Though unable to work a gun from any of the three bastions that were so fiercely assailed, they yet stuck to their guns in the opening, which partially enfiladed our position; they got a gun to bear from a hole broken open in the long curtain wall; they sent rockets from one of their martello towers and they maintained a perfect storm of musketry from their advanced trench and from the city walls.

THE STORMING PARTY AND ASSAULT.

On the night of the 13th the engineers stole down and examined the two breaches near the Cashmere and Water bastions, and both being reported practicable, orders for the assault were at once issued, to take place at daybreak the following morning.

Everything being ready, General Nicholson, whose excellent arrangements elicited the admiration of all, gave the signal, and the Rifles dashed to the front with a cheer, extending along and skirmishing the low jungle, which at this point extends to within fifty yards of the ditch. At the same moment the heads of No. 1 and 2 columns emerged from the Kodsee Bagh, and advanced steadily toward the breach. Our batteries had maintained a tremendous fire up to the moment of the advance of the troops, and not a gun could the enemy bring to bear on the storming columns; but no sooner did these emerge into the open air than a perfect hail storm of bullets met them from the front and both flanks and officers and men fell fast on the crest of the glacis. For ten minutes it was impossible to get the ladders down into the ditch to ascend the scarp, but the determination of the British soldier carried all before it, and Pandy declined to meet the charge of the British bayonet. With a shout and a rush the breaches were both won and the enemy fled in confusion.

BRILLIANT CONDUCT OF THE EXPLOSION PARTY.

Meanwhile the explosion party advanced in front of the column straight upon the Cashmere gate. This little band of heroes had to advance in broad daylight to the gateway, in the very teeth of a hot fire of musketry from above, and through the gateway and on both flanks the powder bags were coolly laid and adjusted, but Lieutenant Salkeld was by this time horse du combat, with two bullets in him. Sergeant Carmichael then attempted to fire the train, but was shot dead. Sergeant Burgess then tried and succeeded, but paid for the daring act with his life. Sergeant Smith, thinking that Burgess too had failed, ran forward, but seeing the train was alight had just time to throw himself into the ditch and escape the effects of the explosion. With a loud crash the gateway was blown in, and through it the first column rushed to the assault, and entered the town just as the other columns had won the breaches. Gen. Wilson has since bestowed the Victoria Cross on Lieutenants Home and Salkeld, on Sergeant Smith, and on a brave man of H. M. 52d, who stood by Lieutenant Salkeld to the last and bound up his wounds.

Another account gives the following version of this brilliant affair:

The signal given for the rush at the walls was the blowing open of the Cashmere gate, which most dangerous duty devolved on Lieutenant Salkeld, of the Engineers. The whole was done by escalade, as the breach was not quite complete enough to enter without ladders. Lieut. Salkeld approached with three sergeants, under a tremendous fire of musketry. He was first shot through the arm; notwithstanding that, he went on to the gate with the bags of powder; as they approached, one sergeant was killed; the second sergeant took up the bags after Lieutenant Salkeld, knocked them on to the spikes of the gate, not being able to put them underneath, as the wicket gate was opened, and about 20 muskets pointed up and through many holes in the gate, firing from both flanks from the wall. As Lieut. Salkeld put on the bags he was shot through the leg, and fell; the second sergeant lit the match, but after lighting it he said to Lieut Salkeld on the ground, "I fear the match has not taken light, sir;" at the word sir he fell dead, riddled with balls. The match did ignite, and blew open the gate. The third sergeant escaped unhurt. At the signal the troops rushed on; every one who carried the scaling ladders of the Second Fusiliers was knocked over; however they rushed on, put up the ladders (many of which were found to be too short), changing their positions, got on the walls, cheered, rushed down upon the enemy, and carried the place. On they went along the walls, taking the Moree bastion, Ajmere gate, the other column taking the Church battery, Water battery, Treasury Compound, and Skinner's house.

General Nicholson then formed the troops in the main guard inside, and with his column proceeded to clear the ramparts as far as the Moree bastion. It was in advancing beyond this, toward the Lahore gate, that he met the wound which has since caused his lamented death—a death which it is not too much to say has dimmed the lustre of even this victory, as it has deprived the country of one of the ablest men and most gallant soldiers that England any where numbers among her ranks.

The fourth column, I regret to say, failed, but as it was too far for me to know anything of its real progress, I prefer leaving its story to be told by another, instead of sending you a vague and imperfect account. Had this column succeeded, its possession of Lahore gate would have saved us much subsequent trouble.

THE CAPTURE OF THE KING.

On the 21st the old King surrendered to Captain Hodson and his cavalry near the Kootub Minar, which is about fifteen miles south of Delhi. He was accompanied in his captivity as in his flight by his chief wife, the Begum Zeenut Mahal, "the Ornament of the Palace." The King is said to be nearly 90 years of age, and it is probable that he is scarcely in any way responsible for what has been done in his name, so that, as at present informed, we cannot condemn the clemency which has spared his life. He is now a prisoner in what was once his own palace, two of his sons and a grandson, however, who were captured also by Captain Hodson, at the tomb of Humayoon, about five miles from Delhi, and who are known to have been leaders in the rebellion, have received the reward of their treason. They were shot on the spot, and their bodies were brought back to the city and exposed at the Kotwalee or chief police office, where it is said so many of our countrywomen were brutally murdered.

THE KILLED AND WOUNDED OF THE BRITISH.

On the day of the assault we had 61 officers and 1,178 killed and wounded, being nearly one third of the whole number engaged. The First Fusiliers alone lost nine officers, and other regiments, I believe in proportion. The Engineers suffered heavily; the three officers conducting Nos. 1, 2 and 4 columns (Lieutenant Medley, Greathed and Maunsell) were all struck down early in the fight, and of 17 officers on duty that day, 10 were put *hors de combat*. The loss of the enemy is absolutely impossible to correctly ascertained, but at the end of the operation it is probable that at least 1,500 men must have been killed between the 7th and 20th, and a very large number wounded who were carried away.

The Relief of Lucknow.

[From the London Daily News, Nov. 14.]

The story of the relief of Lucknow will form one of the brightest pages in the annals of British heroism. The fort had been closely besieged for three months; its garrison consisted of 600 British troops; there were 1,000 women and children inside the fort who fled there to save themselves from massacre. The garrison was surrounded by 20,000 Sepoys, breathing extermination and death. On Gen. Havelock devolved the duty of relieving the sorely pressed handful of defenders. He learned on the 19th of September that the breach was all consumed, that the rum was all gone, that five days' scanty rations of beef remained. He was at Cawnpore, 53 miles off, with 25,000 men at his command, to fight his way through a country in which every man was in arms against him, and every town, village and house had been converted into a fortress. There was but one practicable road along which he could advance: on either side of it there was nothing but a succession of quagmires. The bridges over the intervening rivers—swollen at this season to their utmost magnitude—had been blown up, and on the further banks were intrenched disciplined regiments, far outnumbering his small band of Englishmen, with an ample supply of heavy artillery in position. These means of obstruction, natural and artificial, must have been turned to account with a will, for the relieving party took six days to advance the fifty-three miles of distance from the bank of the Ganges, opposite Cawnpore, to Lucknow. Gen. Outram waived his rank, and accompanied the force in his civil capacity as Governor of Oude.

A telegraphic dispatch dated Cawnpore, Sept. 26th, says:

The rebels along the road are flying before our force, which marched 20 miles, and yesterday 14 miles; their retreat was too precipitate to enable them to destroy the Bunnee Bridge. Only four more guns taken, but many have been cast into wells, and only four passed the Bunnee Bridge. Firing at Lucknow distinctly heard, and Royal salute by our twenty-four pounders to announce our approach to our friends. Our army will have reached Lucknow either last night or this morning.

The force under General Havelock, skirting the city, forced their way to the residency against strong opposition; and relieved the brave garrison on the evening of the 24th. The relief was providentially just in time, as subsequent examination showed that two mines all ready for loading had run far under our chief works, which, if sprung, must have placed the garison at the mercy of the rebels. On the 26th the batteries of the besiegers were assaulted and taken, and the ex-King's sons fled towards Fyzabad.

The loss has been heavy. The brave and determined General Neill is, alas, killed; also Cowper, of artillery; Webster, 78th foot; Packenham, 84th; Bateman, 64th, and Warren, 12th Light Cavalry. The British loss was 500 men, killed and wounded.

One day—perhaps a few hour—longer, and most probably the insurpassed passive and active heroism displayed on both sides would have proved unavailing. The mines of the assailing force had been advanced beyond the lines, of defense and a short time would have seen the extemporized bulwarks of the residency blown into the air, and the infuriated Sepoys, and their yet more brutal abettors from the bazaars, pouring over the ruins to overwhelm the defenseless inmates. We need this denouement and draw a long breath of relief at the close, as if we ourselves had just made some hair-breadth escape.

THE VERY LATEST.

The following telegraph has also been received at the East India House:

CALCUTTA, Oct. 8, 1857.

General Outram telegraphs on the 2d inst., that the insurgents are too strong to admit of withdrawal from Lucknow. Sick and wounded, women and children, number more than 1,000.

After making disposition for safety of garrison, General Outram proposes to retire on Cawnpore. He adds, two additional brigades with powerful field artillery will be required to withdraw with the garrison or reduce the city. Communication between Cawnpore and Lucknow is still interrupted.

MARSEILLES, Friday morning, Nov. 13.

The Valetta has arrived.

The passengers report General Havelock's position to be very critical. He is surrounded by a hostile population, is in want of provisions, and is encumbered with women and children.

The Bombay Residency is said to be in a state of great agitation, and if Delhi had not fallen there is every reason to fear we should have had to deplore fresh mutinies in the Bombay army.

[From the London Times, Nov. 14.]

The despatches which we print to-day add little to the news previously received from India. The chief incident is the situation of Lucknow. The East India House has received from General Outram a message to the effect that, though the Residency of Lucknow had been relieved, yet considerable difficulties remained to be surmounted. The sick and wounded, the women and children, numbered more than 1,000, and it was impossible to carry them to Cawnpore without the protection of a larger force. As the small English army of 2,000 men was unable, without reinforcements, to capture the town, it was thought better to strengthen the garrison, revictual it, and then to fall back on Cawnpore. We may therefore expect that General Outram has thrown up works around the Residency sufficient for its defence, has laid in a quantity of provisions, left several hundreds of men, and then retired to the southward, to wait for reinforcements.

Wood & Coal.

South Side Wood and Coal Agency,

212 CLARK ST., CORNER ADAMS.

BEECH, MAPLE, HICKORY AND OAK WOOD, long, or sawed and split.

Erie, Briar Hill, Illinois, Lackawana and other COAL.

For sale at the above Agency, and delivered promptly to all parts of the city.

212 CLARK STREET,

Corner of Adams.

Sheffield Coal.

DAILY ARRIVAL OF 100 TONS.—THIS coal will compare favorably with the best coals in the market. Professors Porter and Silliman, of Yale College, in their analysis, state as follows:

Your coal is of superior quality for the production of steam. We have used the coal in an open grate for several days, and find it perfectly adapted for that use. It burns to a compact white ash, with small quantity of ashes, without producing clinker, &c., &c.

Extract from another analysis: We find your coal even superior to that of the famous Briar Hill in matter of gas and coke.

Our sales, which exceed at the present time by far that of any other yard in the city, prove conclusively that the SHEFFIELD COAL is duly to be known to be appreciated.

Among the many advantages arising to the purchaser, the following may be enumerated:

1st. The coal is one of the best in the market. Our daily increasing sales prove this fact; analysis proves it. The following are among the many Lieutenants received from time to time from some of the most extensive manufacturers in the city:

We have for some time past been using the Sheffield Coal at our works for the purpose of producing steam. Considering the difference in price between it and other coals in the market, we give the Sheffield Coal the decided preference.

(Signed)

H. P. MORSE, Iron Works,
HARTSHORN BADGER & CO., Manufacturers,
THOMAS GEORGE & CO., Do.
RESSEGUIE BROS., Chicago Iron Works.

1st. From some of the most extensive Hotel in the city, the proprietors state as follows:

We are using the Sheffield Coal in our houses. We find it pleasant to burn, producing comparatively little ash. Repeated trial has satisfied us that it will compare favorably with the best Coals in the city. Considering the difference in price, we consider it decidedly the cheapest Coal in the market. Signed,

DODGE & LANGLEY, Sherman House,
STEVENS & WILLARD, Matteson House,
A. J. SIDE, Sherwin Hall.

2d. The coal is always dry, and in good condition. At a heavy cost we have erected a mammoth building, (capable of holding 6000 to 8000 tons of coal.) This effectually protects our coal from rain, and the steaming consequently proceeds with more freedom.

3d. The coal is carefully screened before delivery. This fact alone makes a difference of at least fifty cents per ton in favor of our coal over others.

This Coal is used extensively in Chicago, by Brick and Lime manufacturers, and is found especially adapted to that purpose.

For information in this line, we would refer to one of the largest Brick manufacturers in the city—Joseph Watkins, Esq.

H. S. BROOKS, Agent,
Sheffield Coal Yard, Clark st., near Taylor.

Legal Notices.

A RETIRED PHYSICIAN, 75 YEARS OF AGE, HAVING LOST his father, two brothers, daughter, sons-in-law, neighbors and friends by that dreadful scourge, Consumption, and suffering with a Cough himself, determined to visit the East Indies, Egypt and Japan, where he discovered a remedy for the cure of that disease, in the Pectoral Balm of Consumption, Nervous Debility and Asthma. His cough was cured immediately. He returned, cured his relatives who inherited the disease, and in connection with his son have prepared it in their private practice during thousands of cases confided hope'ess by others. For the purpose of rescuing as many of his suffering fellow-beings as possible, he is making the receipt for this remedy public, and will send it to pay the postage, and the balance printing. Address Dr. Heath, No. 161 Spring street, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, New York.

In compliance with the urgent request of patients, my son, Dr. A. S. Heath, will be at the Metropolitan Hotel in Chicago, Dec. 8th to 15th inclusive.

He will examine the Throat, Lungs, &c., give advice free of charge, and those wishing to procure the Pectoral Balm of Great Japanese never failing medicine, the "Extract of Ascomopus Japanicus" (Consumption Plant), for $2 the package, with the names of thousands who have been cured.

no25-2w*

MORTGAGE SALE.

WHEREAS, ON THE SECOND DAY OF July, in the year eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, Samuel A. Ford and Ellen, his wife, and Charles H. Whittlesey and Harriet B., his wife, all of Chicago, Cook county, State of Illinois, of the first part, made, executed and delivered to Hiram A. Tucker, of Chicago aforesaid, their certain deed of mortgage, bearing date the day aforesaid, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the county of Cook aforesaid, in book thirty-three (33) of mortgages, on page four hundred and seventy-four (474), of certain lands in said county and State aforesaid, and described as follows, to wit: Lot numbered [illegible] in Cook county aforesaid, which said mortgage was given to secure the payment of a certain bond of even date with said mortgage and therein described as bond of forth, executed and delivered by said Samuel A. Ford and Charles H. Whittlesey to said Tucker, which bond is also recorded in Cook County Records aforesaid, in book of mortgages, thirty-three (33), on page four hundred and seventy-three (473).

Now, then, default having been made by said Samuel A. Ford and Charles H. Whittlesey in the payment of a certain indebtedness secured to be paid by the condition of the aforesaid bond, and the said bond having thereby become due and payable, and said Samuel A. Ford and Charles H. Whittlesey having failed to pay the same according to its tenor and effect, I shall, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested by the provisions of said mortgage, sell at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder therefor, on the sixteenth day of January, A. D. 1858, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the north door of the Cook County Court House in the city of Chicago aforesaid, the premises in said mortgage described, viz: Sub-lots eleven (11) and twelve (12), in the subdivision of lot seven (7) in Block ninety-four (94), in the School Section addition to Chicago, county of Cook and State of Illinois, and all the estate, interest, benefit and equity of redemption of said Samuel A. Ford, Ellen Ford, Charles H. Whittlesey and Harriet B. Whittlesey, in and to the said premises.

Chicago, November 27th, A. D. 1857.

HIRAM A. TUCKER, Mortgagee.

no30-6w,s&s

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN the payment of a certain promissory note executed by John D. Shoe, bearing date May 8th, 1857, payable to Russell Benedict or order, for the sum of Three Hundred Dollars, on which no payment has been entered; the undersigned, trustee named in said note, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, all the following described parcel of land (except any buildings thereon), deemed necessary to satisfy, viz: Commencing at a point on the west line of Out Lot twenty-one (20) of the Canal Trustees' subdivision of Section No. twenty-seven (27), in Township thirty-nine (39) north of Range No. four (4) east of the Third Principal Meridian, one chain and fifty links south of the northwest corner of said Out Lot; thence running south on said west line forty (40) rods, thence to a point midway between the east and west lines of said Out Lot; thence north forty (40) feet to the place of beginning.

Chicago, November 26th, 1857.

L. C. PAINE FREER, Trustee.

no28-6w

FRUITS! FRUITS! FRUITS!

L. A. TALCOTT,

NO. 52 RANDOLPH STREET,

Has on hand, and is constantly receiving,

APPLES, ORANGES, LEMONS, CONFECTIONARY Nuts, Cigars, Preserves, &c.

no25

500 BOXES STAR CANDLES,
EETHOLDS, ELY & CO.,
Regular Line of Ely's Packets, 20 South Water st.

100 CARBOYS OIL VITRIOL FOR SALE BY
no24 HILL BOCKEE, INNIS & CO.

Dry Goods.

THE GREAT PANIC SALE!

—AT—

W. M. Ross & Co.'s

STILL CONTINUES!!

The Store is Crowded from Morning till Night,

—AND—

Everybody Gets a Bargain.

THEY HAVE A LARGER

STOCK OF GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

THAN ANY OTHER

Five Retail Stores in Chicago.

Their Stock is all composed of the

Newest & Choicest Styles of Goods

They have a great many

VERY RICH GOODS,

SUCH AS

Cannot be Found Elsewhere in Chicago.

They are positively selling

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS

AT FROM

20 to 30 Per Cent. below the Actual Cost Price

of any other House in Chicago.

Go Early in the Morning,

As there is a

Tremendous Crowd Up Stairs and Down,

THEIR WHOLESALE STOCK

BEING SOLD AT RUINOUS PRICES

THIS SALE FOR CASH ON DELIVERY ONLY.

no12 W. M. ROSS & CO.

GREAT ASSIGNEE'S SALE

—AT—

W. R. WILLIAMS',

No. 134 Lake Street, Up Stairs.

WHOLESALE STOCK OFFERED AT RETAIL.

THIS ENTIRE STOCK

Must be Converted into Cash Immediately.

Consisting in part of

EMBROIDERIES,

Of the Richest Styles ever Offered in Chicago,

Less than Cost!

ALSO A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

WHITE GOODS, HOSIERY, NOTIONS, &c., &c.

In addition to the above, may be found one of the best selected stocks of

MILLINERY GOODS

IN THIS CITY,

And will be Sold Regardless of Value.

—ALSO—

A Stock of Jewelry,

Which is Offered 50 per ct. Below Usual Prices.

Particular attention is called to the

IMMENSE STOCK OF EMBROIDERIES!!

To be Sold without Reserve.

N. B.—To Retail Dealers wishing to replenish their Stocks, this sale offers GREAT INDUCEMENTS.

E. R. DRAKE,

no2-3m Assignee.

FORCED SALE OF DRY GOODS

—AT—

NO. 82 LAKE STREET.

HIGGINBOTHAM & WHITE

Will offer their entire stock

At Greatly Reduced Prices from Prime Cost,

FROM

MONDAY, NOVEMBER NINTH INST.,

UNTIL THE STOCK IS DISPOSED OF!

WE CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUR

Embroideries and Laces,

Which will be sold at Less than they Cost in Europe

HIGGINBOTHAM & WHITE,

no2 82 LAKE STREET.

RE-OPENING OF

J. B. SHAY'S

CHEAP STORE

159 Lake St., corner of Lasalle.

DRY GOODS,

Saved from the Late Calamitous Fire!

WILL BE SOLD

Without any Regard to Cost.

Cheap! Cheap!! Cheap!!

The Public cannot but appreciate

THE GREAT BARGAINS OFFERED

—AT—

J. B. SHAY'S CHEAP STORE

159 Lake Street, corner of Lasalle.

no30

LUBIN'S EXTRACTS, TOILET SOAP and Toilet Powder, at
SARGENT & DALEY'S,
Apothecaries, 148 Lake st.

1000 GALLS. WINTER BLEACHED ELEPHANT OIL, Carbon Oil, Burning Fluid & Gas
no18 ROCKEE, INNIS & CO.

SCYTHE SNATHS—25 DOZ. LAMSON'S Patent Scythe Snaths.
1y28 WILLIAM BLAIR & CO., 174 Lake st.

Dry Goods.

REMOVAL.

P. PALMER,

From 137 to 139 Lake Street.

—OF—

GREAT SALE

—OF—

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS,

At a Great Sacrifice!

—AND—

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

—AND—

Curtain Goods,

AT LESS THAN COST, FOR THE

Next Thirty Days.

P. PALMER,

139 Lake Street, Chicago.

oct5-3m&tf2

Great Sacrifice in

Fancy & Staple Dry Goods.

T. B. CARTER & CO.,

WILL OFFER FOR THE NEXT THIRTY days their entire stock of

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

AT COST FOR CASH,

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Great Bargains are now offered.

T. B. CARTER & CO.,

no24 136 Lake street.

FIELD, BENEDICT & CO.,

81 & 83 SOUTH WATER ST.,

(Corner of State,)

Importers and Jobbers of

BROADCLOTH,
DOESKINS,
BLACK, FANCY & COATING CASSIMERES AND DOESKINS,
SILK VELVET VESTINGS,
HEAVY OVERCOATINGS,
Of all Kinds,
SATINETTS,
SHEEPS' GREYS,
TWEEDS,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
TAILORS' TRIMMINGS,
&c., &c., &c.

We would invite the attention of the Trade to our Fall stock, now receiving.

Agents for Scott's Fashions.

feb,87-1y-no57

1857. Fall Trade. 1857

STACY & THOMAS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS,

Nos. 221 & 223 South Water Street.

20000 GRAIN BAGS,
1,000 BALES BATTING,
COTTON YARN,
CARPET WARP,
WICKING,
WADDING,
DENIMS,
80 BALES BROWN SHEETING,

Twine, Stripes, Apron Checks, Cotton Flannels, Wool Flannels, Blankets, &c. &c., now receiving and for sale at the lowest market prices.

aug8

TO THE TRADE.

J. M. STINE & CO.,

196 South Water street, between La Salle & Wells sts.,

HAVE NOW IN STORE, AND OFFER for sale at a very low price for cash—

WOOLEN YARNS—5,000 lbs of blue mixed, indigo blue, white, blue and scarlet random, black and plain scarlet.

HOODS—Ladies', Misses' and Children's; a great variety of styles.

SHAWLS—Men's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's, of various qualities and domestic manufacture.

Blankets, Woolen Hosiery, Gloves and Mittens, Comforters, Shirts, Drawers, Cloaks, Dress Goods, and a large assortment of Yankee Notions and Fancy Dry Goods.

195 South Water Street,

oct5-3m-tf1 (3 doors.)

C. T. ATKINSON,

66 . . Lake Street. 66

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Has now in Store a complete assortment of

DRESS, CLOAK AND MANTILLA TRIMMINGS.

Also, a large stock of

French & Swiss Embroideries,

REAL AND IMITATION LACES,

Hosiery, Gloves and Mitts,

WOOLEN GOODS.

A large variety of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

HOODS,
ARMLETS,
GAITERS,
MITTENS, &C., &C.

FRENCH, ENGLISH AND GERMAN

FANCY GOODS,

Zephyr and Tapestry Worsted,

BONNET AND VELVET RIBBONS, &c.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to the Jobbing Trade Country merchants would do well to call and examine our stock.

no28

PROF. HASKELL'S

ELECTRIC OIL.

A POSITIVE AND SPEEDY CURE FOR

Rheumatism and Neuralgia,

DEAFNESS, ERYSIPELAS,

Scrofula, Bronchitis, Tetter, Ringworm and SCALD HEAD,

NERVOUS AND SICK HEAD-ACHES,

CURED IN FROM 3 TO 20 MINUTES!

CORNS, PILES, TOOTH-ACHE, CHRONIC Stiff Joints, Sprains or Lameness in Man or Beast, all Burns, Frostbites and Bunions yield to Colic, and Pains of every description.

CEASE INSTANTANEOUSLY!

Prices 50c, $1 and $2 per Bottle.

It is the only REAL HAIR INVIGORATOR that will make the hair grow when everything else fails; clean the head white and free from Dandruff in less than ten minutes, and make it a shiny, glossy jet.

THIS WONDERFUL OIL

Is perfectly harmless—no burning or blistering sensations, as with other Lotions and Liniments—it is pleasant to take by a few drops on sugar, and will instantly relieve Burns or Scald in less than five minutes!

This Oil operates on the principles of Electricity; thousands of miraculous cures have been performed by it as over the hand. Use nothing else, then give this Oil one trial, and you will be convinced. Indigent persons, unable to purchase a bottle, shall have it free.

Friends, suffer no longer. Send for a bottle of HASKELL'S ELECTRIC OIL. Consultation and advice given gratis at the Depot, No. 61 Pine st.

Persons severely afflicted with Acute Rheumatism or Contraction of the Muscles, should try the ELECTROPATHEAN BATH. Be particular about the directions accompanying each bottle. No peddlers sell this Medicine. Only respectable Druggists and Country Merchants Agents, who have a large lithograph and certificate signed by the proprietor.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

Every bottle has "Professor Haskell's Electric Oil" blown in the side of the bottle, and on the outside wrapper has his portrait and signature, to counterfeit which is Forgery!

Wholesale and Retail Depot,

No. 63 Pine Street,

2 Doors from Fourth Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Druggists and Merchants supplied at wholesale on liberal terms. Druggists and Merchants desiring a supply of this popular and wonderful remedy, by calling in person, or addressing by letter, "Professor Haskell, 63 Pine street, St. Louis," will have their orders promptly filled and forwarded.

TERMS, CASH—$6, $9 or $15 per dozen. It is elegantly put up in neat boxes, and a variety of paper Lithographs, Pine Bills, &c., furnished gratuitously. Send in your orders; you will find it cares and pays.

For sale by all Druggists.

PENTON & ROBINSON,

Wholesale Agents, 20 South Water street, Chicago.

Wholesale Agents, of whom the trade will please order their supplies.

sep9-6tf

DISTINCT VISION.

SPECTACLES, SUITED TO ALL SIGHTS and ages, fitted carefully and with judgment, at

79 South Clark Street,

BY

LOUIS MAUSS, OPTICIAN,

(Late with Benj. Pike & Sons, N. Y.)

Where will be found, also, a large assortment of Opera and Marine Glasses, Telescopes, Barometers, Compasses and Mathematical Drawing Instruments, &c. no26-3m

100 BBLS. BLEACHED WINTER ELEPHANT OIL, for sale by
SAM'L FOSTER JARVIS & CO.
Wholesale Agents, 79 Lake street.

3500 HALF CHESTS GREEN AND BLACK TEAS,
ROCKEE, ELY & CO.,
Corner of South Water street and Lake Basin.
Regular Line of Ely's Packets.

Carpetings.

MUST BE SOLD,

For Cash!

$150,000 WORTH

—OF—

CARPETINGS,

CURTAIN MATERIALS,

AND FURNISHING GOODS,

—AT—

Beecher, Hollister & Wilkins'

CARPET HALL,

135 . Lake Street . 135

We shall commence

ON MONDAY, NOVEMBER SECOND,

TO CLOSE OUT

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

—AT—

An Immense Sacrifice!!

PRESENTING A RARE CHANCE

To Secure Great Bargains,

FOR CASH ONLY.

STORE TO RENT.

Beecher, Hollister & Wilkins,

135 . . . . . LAKE STREET. 135

oct30-3m&tf17

Grand Rally of Cash Customers

—AT—

LEONARD & BALDWIN'S,

Over Frasher & Carr's, 124 Lake St.

We are now in receipt of our immense new Fall Stock of

CARPETINGS,

For Fall Sales, which will be offered to Cash-paying Customers at an

ENORMOUS DISCOUNT FROM USUAL PRICES.

This is no Patent Humbug.

To show you that we mean what we say, we shall offer and sell

English Brussels Carpets,

Of our own importation, at $1 per yard—former price 11s.

Beautiful English Tapestry Carpets,

At 8s.—former price 12s. And other styles of Goods in proportion.

SAVE YOUR MONEY, AND SECURE BARGAINS.

124.....Lake Street.....124

Carriages & Cabinet.

WM. TOOHY'S

Counting House Desk Manufactory

Corner of Clark and Huron, North side. Sign of the Big Roman Collar.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF COUNTING House Desks constantly on hand.

Every style of Desk made to order.

Perfect satisfaction given or no pay.

oct31'56-1y WM. TOOHY.

W. HUTCHINGS'

New York Furniture Ware Rooms,

151 Randolph Street,

(NEXT TO METROPOLITAN HALL,

CHICAGO, ILLS.

THE LARGEST STOCK AND BEST ASsortment of

RICH FURNITURE

to be found west of New York—manufactured in New York city, and SOLD AT NEW YORK PRICES.

New York Premium

PIANO FORTES,

which are superior in quality of tone, manufacture and durability, to all others. Prices same as sold at in New York.

Parties wishing to purchase are respectfully invited to call and examine the subscribers stock, which is complete in every article of furniture required—both useful and ornamental. feb1&7

Furst & Bradley,

CARRIAGE, WAGON AND PLOW MANUfactory, 75 and 77 West Randolph street.

We are now prepared to furnish all articles in our line with promptness and despatch.

Every variety of Plows constantly on hand. A liberal discount made to Wholesale Dealers.

All work warranted.

Cast Iron Plows constantly on hand. Also sole agent for Globe Patent Dry Grinder, in the State of Illinois. Grindstone for the same constantly on hand.

FURST. BRADLEY.

Feb1&7

Educational.

BRYANT & STRATTON'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE,

46 Clark street, opposite Geo. Smith's Bank, Chicago.

50 Superior street.....Cleveland, Ohio.
81 Main street.....Buffalo, N. Y.

Wm. B. Ogden, Hon. J. H. Matteson, F. Manley,
John H. Kinzie, Wm. H. Brown, Esq. S. C. Larned, Esq.
Hon. M. Skinner, Philo Carpenter, " Dr. L. T. Boone,
Hon. N. P. Talmadge, " H. D. Ogden,
Geo. W. Dole, " J. H. Dunham, " Henry Wells.

The design of the Institution is to afford perfect facilities for acquiring in an expeditious manner a thorough knowledge of Commercial Science and Art, as practically employed in Counting Rooms and Public Offices throughout the country.

A scholarship issued from the Chicago College will be good in Cleveland, Buffalo and Albany, and vice versa.

Scholarship for full mercantile course, time unlimited.....$60

Lessons in Penmanship, &c.....10

NEW CATALOGUES.—For further information send for new Catalogue and Circular, containing full particulars, which contains much valuable information, and will be forwarded free of charge. Address

BRYANT & STRATTON, Chicago.

oct31

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

R. Folsom,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry,

COR. LAKE AND CLARK ST., CHICAGO.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND A RICH STOCK of Diamond Ear-Drops, Diamond Pins, Diamond Rings, Diamond Crosses and Studs.

JEWELRY SETTS,

In Boxes, of Florentine and Roman Mosaic, Coral, Pearl, Lava, Cameo, and all Gold.

WATCHES,

Diamond and Enamelled, Fine Gold and Silver, of various qualities and patterns.

GOLD CHAINS,

Guard, Fob, Vest and Chatelaine

Gold Bracelets, Rings, Pins, Ear-Drops,
Lockets, Pencils, Thimbles, Charms, Spectacles,
Eye-Glasses, Studs, Sleeve-Buttons, Seals, Keys

Silver and Plated Ware.

Just received from Eastern Manufactories, a large stock of Jewelry, of rich patterns, which will be offered to the trade at the lowest New York cash prices.

Watches, Jewelry and Clocks.

S. BRUENN,

No. 41 South Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

Between Lake and Randolph sts.

BY RECENT ARRIVALS FROM AMERIcan and European Manufactories, my assortment of Watches and Jewelry is now complete in all the branches, and I doubt not but I can please any one who may favor me with a call. I am selling at the Lowest Cash Prices, and am determined not to be undersold by any other establishment. I am satisfied with small profits, as perfect quick sales.

My Wholesale CLOCK DEPARTMENT is the largest of any in the Western Country, and my customers will find manufacturers enable me to sell at very low prices.

I invite all admirers of articles in this line to give me a call. Don't mind the number—it is at South Clark street, next to the Court House.

A full Stock of Mathematical and Philosophical Instruments made and repaired. Music Boxes repaired, cleaned and accurate tuned. oct29

OTTIGNON'S GYMNASIUM.—A SPECIAL class will be formed at 8 o'clock P. M., for the benefit of those who cannot attend at other hours. Terms, $5 per month, or $1 per week, payable in advance. Apply at the Gymnasium, 79 Clark street, or at the residence of the Professor, 141 Monroe street.

Furniture & Upholstery.

CURTAIN GOODS,

At Cost!

WE HAVE A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

CURTAIN

MATERIALS AND TRIMMINGS

WHICH WE OFFER

At Cost Prices, for Cash,

—AT—

188 Lake Street, Chicago.

BROWN & HILLIARD.

sl4

RICH HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Messrs. Kimbel & Fredin

RESPECTFULLY INFORM THEIR friends and the public that they have established at

NO. 326 SOUTH CLARK STREET,

A Branch of their Paris and New York Houses for the manufacture and sale of the most elegant style of

FURNITURE AND HOUSE DECORATIONS.

Being in direct communication with Paris, Messrs. K. & F. will always be able to supply their customers with the newest and richest materials for Curtains, Carpets, &c., and as they manufacture from their own designs and from the best models to be found in Europe, they will be able at a reasonable rate to furnish the richest, most elaborate and elegant Furniture, either for Parlor, Dressing Room, Dining Room or Chambers.

Messrs. K. & F. are also prepared to fill, at short notice, any orders for FRENCH GAS FIXTURES, FRENCH CARPETS, FRENCH MIRRORS AND FRAMES, with which they may be charged; and as Mr. Fredin will permanently remain in Chicago, he will devote his particular attention to the filling of any such orders, and will be responsible for the same being done in the most thorough and satisfactory manner. oct-3m-no44

197 Lake Street. 197

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

FURNITURE

AT MODERATE PRICES

IN

JOHN WEST.

ROSEWOOD BEDSTEADS,
MAHOGANY BEDSTEADS,
WALNUT BEDSTEADS,
CHESNUT BEDSTEADS,
CHERRY BEDSTEADS,
MAPLE BEDSTEADS.

JOHN WEST.

Enameled Chamber Suits,

New and Beautiful Designs.

ROSEWOOD BUREAUS, MAHOGANY BUREAUS, WALNUT BUREAUS, CHESNUT BUREAUS.

John West.

WARDROBES.

ROSEWOOD WARDSTANDS,
MAHOGANY WARDSTANDS,
WALNUT WARDSTANDS,
CHERRY WARDSTANDS,
WHITEWOOD WARDSTANDS

JOHN WEST.

Extension Tables—Oak, Walnut & Mahogany

BEDDING.

SPRING MATTRESSES, HAIR MATTRESSES, EXCELSIOR MATTRESSES, HUSK MATTRESSES, COTTON MATTRESSES, SEA GRASS MATTRESSES, BOLSTERS, PILLOWS, COMFORTERS, SHEETS, AND BLANKETS.

JOHN WEST.

PARLOR SUITS—ROSEWOOD & BROCATELLE.

SOFAS, CHAIRS, TETES,
ROCKERS, TABLES, STANDS, ETAGERES,
WHATNOTS, HATSTANDS,
SIDEBOARDS, OTTOMANS, DIVANS

JOHN WEST.

BOOK-CASES, SECRETARIES

A Large Variety of

CURTAIN SHADES.

16 JOHN WEST, 197 Lake Street.

Clothing.

Notice.

WE

Legal Notices.

MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN the payment of a certain promissory note for $6,000, made by Oliver P. Batt sell to me, payable on or before the first day of March, 1857, with interest payable annually at ten per cent., secured by a certain mortgage of even date therewith, made by said Bartlett and his wife to me, of and upon the lands and premises hereinafter described, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of Kankakee county, in Book 7 of Mortgages, pages 495, &c., I shall, on the eighth day of January next, at the hour of two P. M., sell at the door of the Court House in the city and county of Kankakee, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said mortgage, three certain premises described therein, and as follows, viz: The east-half (east) of the south-west quarter of section twenty-nine (29), in Township thirty-two (32), north of Range thirteen (13), east of the Third Principal Meridian; the west half of the south-west quarter of said section twenty-nine (29), and the south half of the south-east quarter of said section twenty-nine (29); the north half of the south-east quarter of said section thirty-two (32), and the east half of the south-east quarter of section thirty (30), all in the Township and Range aforesaid, and containing 320 acres of land more or less, situated in said county of Kankakee and State of Illinois.

Dated Nov. 27th, 1856. NORMAN FELT.

W. T. HOWARD, Att'y. n27-3w $22

PUBLICATION NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County, ss.

Cook County Court of Common Pleas, } November Term, A. D. 1856.

George A. Keen and Spencer Scott, vs. Hugh Doherty and William J. Henry, Defendants—Attachment.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the said William J. Henry that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of Cook County Court of Common Pleas, in favor of the said George A. Keen and Spencer Scott, against the said Hugh Doherty and William J. Henry, for the sum of two thousand six hundred and forty-five dollars, as by said writ has been returned executed.

Now, therefore, unless you, the said William J. Henry, shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Court of Common Pleas, on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the third Monday of November, A.D. 1857, give special bail and plead to the said plaintiffs' action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said plaintiffs for the said sum of $2,645 and costs of suit.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.

CORNELL, WATTS & JAMESON, Pl'ffs Att'y. n012-4w $16

PUBLICATION NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County, ss.

Cook County Court of Common Pleas, } November Special Term, A.D. 1856.

John G. Meyer and William John Rea, vs. Jesse H. Leay.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the said Jesse H. Leay, that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of Cook County Court of Common Pleas, in favor of the said John G. Meyer and William John Rea, against the said Jesse H. Leay, for the sum of one thousand six hundred and sixty-five dollars, as by said writ has been returned executed.

Now, therefore, unless you, the said Jesse H. Leay, shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Court of Common Pleas, on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the third Monday of November, A.D. 1857, give special bail and plead to the said plaintiffs' action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said plaintiffs for the said sum of $1,665 and costs of suit.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.

CORNELL, WATTS & JAMESON, Pl'ffs Att'y. n012-4w $16

PUBLICATION NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County—ss.

Cook County Circuit Court, } January Special Term, A. D. 1856.

Edward Dubow vs. Lewis E. Glaiz—Attachment.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the said Lewis E. Glaiz that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Cook County Circuit Court, dated the ninth day of November, A. D. 1857, at the suit of the said Edward Dubow and against the estate of the said Lewis E. Glaiz, for the sum of four hundred and thirty-six dollars and forty-six cents, directed to the Sheriff of Cook county, which said writ has been returned executed.

Now, therefore, unless you, the said Lewis E. Glaiz shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Circuit Court, on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the second Monday of January, A. D. 1858, give special bail and plead to the said plaintiff's action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said plaintiff for the said sum of four hundred and thirty-six dollars and forty-six cents and costs of suit.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.

CORNELL, WATTS & JAMESON, Pl'ffs Att'y. n26-4w $16

PUBLICATION NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County—ss.

Cook County Court of Common Pleas, } November Term, A.D. 1857.

ATTACHMENT.

George B. Windle and James R. Windle vs. Martin Wise.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the said Martin Wise, that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of Cook County Court of Common Pleas, in favor of the said George B. Windle against the estate of the said Martin Wise for the sum of one thousand and forty-four dollars and fifty cents directed to the Sheriff of Cook County, which said writ has been returned executed.

Now, therefore, unless you, the said Martin Wise shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Court of Common Pleas, on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1858, give special bail and plead to the said plaintiffs' action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said plaintiffs for the said sum of one thousand and forty-four dollars and fifty cents and costs of suit.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.

CORNELL, WATTS & JAMESON, Pl'ffs Att'y. n26-4w $16

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS—Cook County—ss.

Circuit Court of Cook County, } November Term, A. D. 1857.

Myron Young and John O'Bryan vs. Edward H. Barton, Mary Daoit and Rose Hoey.—In Chancery.

AFFIDAVIT OF THE NON-RESIDENCE of Edward H. Barton, one of the defendants above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Circuit Court of Cook County, notice is hereby given to the said Edward H. Barton that the complainants filed their bill of complaint in said Court, on the fifteenth day of November, A. D. 1857, and that a summons thereupon was issued out of said Court against said defendants, returnable on the third Monday of November next, 1857, as by law required.

Now, unless you, the said Edward H. Barton, shall personally be and appear before said Circuit Court of Cook County, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at Chicago, in and for said county of Cook, on the third Monday of November, 1857, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainants' bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.

Geo. W. Lay, Jr., Complt's Sol'r. n011-4w $20

PUBLICATION NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook—ss.

Cook County Court of Common Pleas, } November Term, A. D. 1857.

Isaac Anderson vs. T. B. Stockbridge.—Attachment.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of Cook County Court of Common Pleas, on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1857, at the suit of the said Isaac Anderson, against the estate of the said T. B. Stockbridge, for the sum of three hundred and fifty-seven dollars and seventy-five cents, as by said writ of Cook county, which said writ has been returned executed.

Now, therefore, unless you, the said T. B. Stockbridge, shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Court of Common Pleas, on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the third Monday of November, A. D. 1857, give special bail and plead to the said plaintiff's action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said plaintiff for the said sum of three hundred and fifty-seven dollars and seventy-five cents and costs of suit.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.

CORNELL, WATTS & JAMESON, Pl'ffs Att'y. n012-4w $16

PUBLICATION NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County—ss.

Cook County Circuit Court, } November Term, A. D. 1857.

Moses Greene, plaintiff, vs. Edward H. Barton, Jr., defendant.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the said James A. Brown, that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Cook county, bearing date the fifteenth day of March, A. D. 1857, at the suit of the said Moses Greene, and against the said James A. Brown, for the sum of thirteen hundred and fifty dollars, directed to the Sheriff of Cook county, which said writ has been returned executed.

Now, therefore, unless you, the said James A. Brown, shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Circuit Court on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago on the third Monday of November, A. D. 1857, plead, answer or demur to the said plaintiff's declaration, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said plaintiff for the said sum of thirteen hundred and fifty dollars and costs of suit, and the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs, will be sold to satisfy the same.

WM. L. DEUSCH, Clerk.

CORNELL, WATTS & JAMESON, Pl'ffs Att'y. n021-4w $20

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Clinton May, deceased, in pursuance of a decree of the County Court of Cook county, will sell at public vendue on Wednesday, the twenty-third day of December, A. D. 1857, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the north door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, in said county of Cook, all the right, title and interest of said Clinton May, deceased, in and to the north twenty (20) acres of the south thirty (30) acres of the west half of the south-west quarter of fractional section thirty-six (36), in Township thirty-nine (39), north of Range thirteen (13), east of the Third Principal Meridian, situate in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, with the tenements and hereditaments thereto. Terms of sale made known at the sale.

Chicago, November 7, 1857. JOHN BAKER,

Administrator of the Estate of Clinton May, deceased. n7-3w $12

Estate of Adolphe Poncelet, Deceased.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all persons having claims and demands against the Estate of Adolphe Poncelet, late of Cook county, deceased, to present the same for adjustment and allowance, at the office of the Clerk of the County Court of said County, in the house at the Court House in the city of Chicago, within one year from the date hereof, being the fourth day thereof.

JOSEPH DIXEY,

EUPHEMIA PONCELET,

Administrator and Administratrix.

Chicago, October 4, 1857. n10-w6w

Copartnerships, &c.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—NOTICE IS hereby given that I will has been filed in the Circuit Court for the County of Kane, of Illinois, in Chancery, by the subscribers, against Sarah E. Wheler, for the dissolution of the co-partnership heretofore existing between us and said Wheler, under the name and style of George Lord & Co., and praying that the same may be decreed by the said Court; and I do hereby give notice that I will not pay any debts contracted by said Wheler in my name and style of George Lord & Co.

n27-3w GEORGE LORD.

NOTICE.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of S. & J. Rumph & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Those indebted to said Firm of Rumph & Co. are alone authorized to use the name of the firm in liquidation.

Chicago, Sept. 1, 1857. WM. WHITELEY, JR.

JAMES H. HAMILTON,

(By his Attorney in fact) JAMES F. ROGERS.

Howe, Eckley & Co.,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership under the above name and style, for the transaction of Produce and Commission business, at No. 7 Pomeroy's Building, corner of Water and Clark streets.

SAMUEL HOWE,

JOHN ECKLEY,

ALBERT MORSE.

Chicago, Oct. 15th, 1857. n9-3m

150 CARBOYS OIL VITRIOL, IN store and for sale by

ROCKER, LYON & CO

Real Estate for Sale.

CLARK & PLATT'S COLUMN.

EDWIN CLARK.....L. A. PLATT.

CLARK & PLATT,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

No. 11 METROPOLITAN HALL,

CHICAGO.....ILLINOIS.

☞ Loans negotiated on Real Estate and other securities. Investments made in City Property.

Look Here!

A STEAM FLOURING MILL, SITUATED on lot 16 (sixteen) feet of ws [illegible] docked land on Root River, in the county of Racine, Wis., with sufficient water for vessels of the largest class and suitable for any kind of dock business. The mill is in good running order and stocked to have cost $15,000, without the land. It is doing a good business in the manufacture of Flour. The land on which the mill stands is worth more than is asked for mill and land together, all of which is offered for $15,000—⅓ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years. For further particulars apply to

CLARK & PLATT,

No. 11 Metropolitan Hall, Chicago;

Or H. Warner & Co., 151 Main street, Racine.

A Good Investment.

THE BAKER HOUSE, IN RACINE, WIS., a large and commodious first class Hotel, built of brick and finely situated with a commanding view of the city and Lake Michigan, and including 5 lots of land 25x120 feet each and 1 of 30x120 feet in the central part of the city, is now offered for sale on easy terms. It is now leased for three years, and pays a rent of $2,400 per year. For further particulars inquire of

CLARK & PLATT,

No. 11 Metropolitan Hall, Chicago;

Or H. Warner & Co., 151 Main street, Racine.

Brick! Brick! Brick!

WE HAVE LEFT WITH US FOR SALE, one of the best beds of Clay in the West, situated on the bank of Lake Michigan, four miles from the City of Racine. There is every combination necessary on the ground to carry on the manufacture of Brick, such as clay, fine moulding sand, wood, hold shore with deep water for vessels to load, natural dock for a ship yard, and in fact a beautiful lake view as can be found. It is truly worth the attention of any party who wishes to commence in a profitable enterprise. For further particulars inquire of

CLARK & PLATT,

No. 11 Metropolitan Hall.

Beautiful Summer Residence.

THE CITY OF RACINE, AT THE PRESENT time, has many attractions which must be possessed in order to be realized. Parties who wish to reside for a few months from the bustle of our populous city, would make an economical investment by visiting Racine instead of going to their country seats. It is not hard to find places no better situated by nature. Racine has a population of about 12,000, with fine lake river, excellent carriage drives, plenty of good livery, first-class hotels and accommodating landlords. CLARK & PLATT,

m7-3m No. 11 Metropolitan Hall.

FOR SALE—OPPOSITE THE COURT House, on La Salle street, south 90 feet of Lot 1, Block 7 Old Town, or cash at time.

ap2 CLARK & PLATT, No. 11 Metropolitan Hall.

FOR SALE—HOUSES AND LOTS OF the West Side. CLARK & PLATT,

No. 11 Metropolitan Hall.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT, No. 126 Lincoln street, between Washington and Randolph, 21x 80 feet. Canal terms.

ar2 No. 11 Metropolitan Hall.

FOR SALE—25X100 FEET, LOT 4, IN Block 1, Carpenter's Addition.

feb5 CLARK & PLATT, No. 11 Metropolitan Hall.

Real Estate in Geneva for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE NOW OFFERing for sale 170 of the most desirable Residence Lots in this beautiful village, at low prices and accommodating terms. This property is located near the Fox River, within ¼ of a mile of the new Court House, and by its propinquity to the Chicago & Fulton Railroad and its healthy and charming location, presents an attractive and advantageous investment to any person desiring a pleasant country residence. For terms and particulars, apply to

MAYBORNE & SMITH,

Geneva, Kane co., Aug. 19, 1857.—aug19-3m Attorneys and Agents.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAIL ROAD.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD Company invites the attention of Agriculturists and Farmers to the lands owned by the Company, which are offered for sale upon low terms, and long credit at low rates of interest.

It is the policy and wish of the Company to sell all their lands to actual settlers; and no information is offered to speculators; in fact none will be sold on long credit, without the distinct obligation of cultivation.

These lands are in the central portion of the Western States, and comprises the most fertile section of the belt of Prairie, Timber and Mineral lands, which lies between the River, at and including New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa and Northern Missouri.

The Prairies of this section of the productions are not checked by rigorous winters—nor is the heat of summer oppressive. The lands West of the Missouri gradually and rapidly decrease in fertility, until they reach the Great American Plain, and being chiefly, if not solely adapted to grazing, should not be purchased for agricultural uses.

The lands bordering upon the Mississippi and Kaskaskia Rivers, and upon the lines of the proposed roads in the valley, have been taken up, and are now selling at from $10 to $15 per acre, although parties have to pay nearly the highest prices for land, and wait for their crops are produced, the extra cost of transportation to the seaboard considered, before they can realize a profit.

Looking to the future growth of our country, this state, which embraces the largest body of arable land and the richest soil and most healthy climate, will for all time be the great grain producing State. It is full of running wealth, and the advantages of climates and schools, of population, and of the general progress of the country, is constantly increasing. The county in Illinois which has not a supply of timber. The southern portion of the State includes a large share of the best quality of timber lands, and the extensive pine forests of Wisconsin, Michigan and Canada, bring Chicago with an immense quantity of lumber and timber, amounting in 1856 to 442,000,000 feet.

Illinois, during the last ten years, has been rapidly developing her resources. The population is now about 1,700,000, and the products of the State have increased one hundred per cent. With the wagons of the Mississippi Valley, Wisconsin, Michigan and Canada, converging upon Chicago, and other convenient means for the transportation of the products of the West, the Company's lands have already been sold, and many flourishing villages evince the rapidly increasing settlement of the State. Besides the direct benefit to the country with which these lands can be cultivated, 1861 in two years will complete the railroad system centering in Chicago, and therefore profit on which, if vastly superior to any other for the sale of lands offered at a great variety of other purposes for which it is applied.

Dealers in all parts of the Country are supplying themselves with these goods, and Consumers who want the best article of the kind, will buy no other.

Ja24-1y

Wanted to Exchange—Farms for Goods.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—TWO FIRST quality of Farms for a Stock of Goods. The farms are in a high state of improvement, containing from 160 to 320 acres. Watered and fenced, and in a pleasant neighborhood, within 2 miles of the County seat, and 8 miles from Depot. One farm is improved to the amount of $2,000. A good stock of goods. For particulars and description, apply to

n26-1m WM. W. BROWN.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES—FOR sale by SAWYER, FAIGH & CO.,

Wholesale Agents, 75 Lake street.

1500 BOXES VERY CHOICE STEARine Candles. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.,

Corner of South Water street and Franklin Avenue.

Reynolds & Ely's Block.

TERRA JAPONICA.—20 TONS TERRA Japonica. For sale by SAWYER, FAIGH & CO.,

au6 Wholesale Druggists, 75 Lake street.

5000 GALLS. ENGLISH LINSEED Oil, just arrived and for sale by HOOKER, IVES & CO.

ALL KINDS OF BRASS WORK, TIN Work, Copper and Sheet Iron. HAMILTON, BROOKS & CO.,

115 and 117 Franklin street.

COPPER BOTTOMS.—10 TONS COPPER Cut and Bottoms for sale by WILLIAM BLAIR & CO., 176 Lake street.

SHEET IRON.—2,000 BUNDLES SHEET Iron, assorted numbers, for sale by WILLIAM BLAIR & CO., 176 Lake street.

Real Estate Dealers.

SIMEON DOWNING & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND LAND Registry Office, No. 5 South Clark street, Chicago, Illinois. Will give prompt attention to the sale and negotiation of City and Country property, Houses, Lots, Farms Lands, Improved Town and Village Property, Leasing, Renting, &c. Also, negotiations of Money Loans on Real Estate and Mortgage, and Loans effected. Taxes paid. Vacant Property taken charge of. Always list or valuable property in the hands of S. Downing & Co. Western lands constantly registering for sale, at bargains. au18

COWELL BROTHERS

REAL ESTATE AGENTS, AND NEGOTIators of Loans, Peoria, Illinois.

Refer to Messrs. Tyng & Brother, [illegible]; Tyng & Brother, No. J. P. Holchkiss & Co., Peoria, Ill.; J. Y. Cowell & Son, Cincinnati, O.; Cowperthwait & Co., Matthew Newkirk, Esq., the bridge, Esq., Philadelphia, Pa.; L. M. Hubby, Esq., Treas't C. B. & Q. R. R., Galesburg, Ill.; Hon. Wm. Kent, Chicago, Ill.; Hon. Wm. Kent, Jr., Cleveland, O.; Messrs. Doremus & Minton, Paine & Co., Harper & Brothers, New York; Hon. Benjamin Gower Prendergast, N. Y.; George Cowperthwait, Esq., Philadelphia, Pa.; T. G. M. Higginson, Esq., B. H. Kerfoot & Co., A. D. Galloway & Co., Messrs. Ingersoll, Wheeler, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Farmers and Mechanics, desiring to locate in New York or the West, can find many desirable farms in Illinois will advance to $20 or even $100 per acre within ten years, by the purchase of this Company. Also, will be advanced by placing their property in the hands of farmers, to actually occupy and cultivate. Also, will be advanced to mechanics and others, and to enable it to discharge its obligations in the State. These considerations induce the policy of liquidating which has been adopted by the Company for two years past, and will be pursued till the lands are finally disposed of. Purchasers will find a great variety of other purposes for which it is applied.

Dealers in all parts of the Country are supplying themselves with these goods, and Consumers who want the best article of the kind, will buy no other.

Ja24-1y

A. C. Oertel,

REAL ESTATE AND BILL BROKER, 12 South Clark street, Chicago, Ill.

Will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, pay taxes, assessments, &c., and collecting of rents.

Loans negotiated and business paper bought and sold at current rates.

Refers to Benj. F. Quimby & Co., Reese, Chase & Co. ma29-1y

U. S. GOVERNMENT

Land Locating Agency.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING HAD MUCH practical experience in

Selecting and Locating Lands

in the various Land Districts in the Western States, has unusual facilities for making valuable selections for

LAND WARRANTS OR CASH

Choice selections may now be made in

WISCONSIN AND MISSOURI.

Persons having Warrants, can have them located IN THEIR OWN NAME,

And 40 Per Cent. Profit Guaranteed,

Payable in one year.

IOWA, WISCONSIN AND ILLINOIS LANDS For Sale or for Cash.

☞ Money invested in KANSAS and Nebraska.

S. SALISBURY, Land Locating Agent,

my27-tf-y76 49 Clark street, Chicago.

Ernest Prussing's

Real Estate, Brokerage,

AND

LAND AGENCY,

50 .... CLARK STREET 50

(UP STAIRS).

OWNERS OF CITY PROPERTY, ESPECIALLY such that is to be subdivided into

Lots with 2,000 to $1000 each,

in any part of the city, will find a good chance for their interest, by my offices, as my extensive acquaintance among the inhabitants of Germany enables me to

GERMAN AND SCANDINAVIAN POPULATION,

Explains me to make

QUICK SALES.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

LOT 21, BLOCK 4, FORT DEARBORN Addition, very cheap.

Lot corner of Rush and Illinois streets.

100 feet on Michigan avenue, opposite to the Lake House on long time.

Lot on Illinois, near Pine street.

130 feet on West Randolph, corner of Elizabeth.

125 feet on West Washington, near Curtis street.

Lot 13, Block 10, Dummer's Addition, low for cash.

100 feet front on the North Branch, south of Division street, very cheap.

200 feet on the South Branch, corner of South street, very low on small time.

Wells street—Lot 23, Block 28, School Section.

State street—A number of pieces of good property.

Lot 25, Block 20, $2,000 cash, 6 months.

15 Acres on Madison street, west of the Rail's Head.

10 Acres near Milwaukee & Chicago R. R. Depot.

BORDEN & FICKERING,

au18 90 Lake street, up-stairs.

For Sale or Rent.

WATER LOTS ON SOUTH BRANCH, near Joy's Ice Houses. 200 feet good Dock, fast creep, and 350 feet rear front.

FOR SALE, A 45½ Years' Lease on Building, 40 feet square, 2½ stories and grounds adjoining, with good store and [illegible]

Apply to GATES, WARNER, CHALMERS & FRASER,

Eagle Works.

Plumbing.

R. D. McFARLANE,

GAS, STEAM FITTTING,

AND

PLUMBING ESTABLISHMENT,

54....LA SALLE STREET....54

CHICAGO,

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

Gas Fixtures,

From the Celebrated Manufactory of

CORNELIUS & BAKER,

Always on hand, comprising the Philosetand most Elaborate Designs.

And Manufactures of

ALL KINDS OF STEAM WORK.

Particular attention given to fitting up

HOTELS,

WITH STEAM, WATER AND GAS.

IRON SETTERS, CHAIRS AND VASES

FOR GARDEN LAWNS AND VERANDAHS

COUNTRY ORDERS,

PROMPTLY AND FAITHFULLY ATTENDED TO.

TO THE TRADE.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED WITH TOOLS, IRON PIPE FITTINGS, GAS FIXTURES, PLUMBING MATERIALS, AND EVERY ARTICLE IN THE GAS, STEAM-FITTING AND PLUMBING BUSINESS.

54 LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO.

☞ Every description of Gas Figure and Brass work manufactured.

☞ Manufactory, 211 Monroe street. all

CHICAGO

LEAD PIPE AND SHEET LEAD

WORKS.

COLLINS & BLATCHFORD

MANUFACTURERS OF LEAD PIPE,

SHEET AND BAR LEAD,

And Dealers in

PIG LEAD.

AGENTS FOR

Collier White Lead and Oil

COMPANY,

AND

St. Louis Shot Tower.

A full assortment of the above manufactures constantly on hand.

ORDERS FROM THE TRADE SOLICITED.

COLLINS & BLATCHFORD,

Cor. Clinton and Fulton streets.

GOODYEAR'S PATENT VULCANITE OR

HARD INDIA RUBBER.

The Beacon Dam Company,

OWNERS OF PATENTS,

MANUFACTURE FROM THE ABOVE named material, and offer sale at their warerooms,

No. 25 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK,

By the Package Only,

STRINGS of every kind suitable for Domestic or Professional purposes, pronounced by Physicians the most perfect substitute for

BREAST PUMPS, POWDER FLASKS, warranted to keep for years.

FURNITURE CASTORS, that will not deface the carpet.

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Engravers' and Musicians' MEASURING TAPES, Tubing for Telegraph Wire, adopted by the American Telegraph Co.

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Ja24-1y

Wanted to Exchange—Farms for Goods.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—TWO FIRST quality of Farms for a Stock of Goods. The farms are in a high state of improvement, containing from 160 to 320 acres. Watered and fenced, and in a pleasant neighborhood, within 2 miles of the County seat, and 8 miles from Depot. One farm is improved to the amount of $2,000. A good stock of goods. For particulars and description, apply to

n26-1m WM. W. BROWN.

Old No. 92 North Water street.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES—FOR sale by SAWYER, FAIGH & CO.,

Wholesale Agents, 75 Lake street.

1500 BOXES VERY CHOICE STEARine Candles. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.,

Corner of South Water street and Franklin Avenue.

Reynolds & Ely's Block.

TERRA JAPONICA.—20 TONS TERRA Japonica. For sale by SAWYER, FAIGH & CO.,

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COPPER BOTTOMS.—10 TONS COPPER Cut and Bottoms for sale by WILLIAM BLAIR & CO., 176 Lake street.

SHEET IRON.—2,000 BUNDLES SHEET Iron, assorted numbers, for sale by WILLIAM BLAIR & CO., 176 Lake street.

Railroads.

Going East.

Michigan Central Railroad,

Change of Time, June 1, 1857.

AND CANADA BROAD GUAGE RAILroad. The only reliable route from [illegible] Buffalo, Rochester, Utica, Horneliaville, Albany, Troy, Boston, Springfield, Worcester, New York, Philadelphia, and New England cities.

Wide, easy cars, and sure connections.

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The Michigan Central Railroad has the advantage of an unbroken track from Chicago to Detroit, the centre of the system of railroads, thereby affording the possibility of collisions or delays, so annoying on other routes.

Five Daily Trains leave Chicago, as follows:

8.30 A. M. Lightning Express at Niagara Falls for Buffalo at 10 P. M. same night, New York, at 1.30 P. M. next day, Boston, 4.45 P. M.

7.00 P. M. Express Mail, making direct connections for Niagara Falls, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

10 A. M. Cincinnati Express: Connecting with North Shore Line of Steamers at Detroit next morning, through without change, connecting Express at Niagara Falls, arrive in New York at 5 P. M., and Boston 1st night.

8.00 A. M. Express, 4.45 P. M. Express, Connecting at Buffalo, Cleveland, O.; Messrs. Doremus & Minton, Paine & Co., Astor & Brothers, New York; Hon. Benjamin Gower Prendergast, N. Y.; George Cowperthwait, Esq., Philadelphia, Pa.; L. M. Hubby, Esq., Treas't C. B. & Q. R. R., Galesburg, Ill.; Hon. Wm. Kent, Chicago, Ill.; Hon. Wm. Kent, Jr., Cleveland, O.; Messrs. Doremus & Minton, Paine & Co., Astor & Brothers, New York; Hon. Benjamin Gower Prendergast, N. Y.; George Cowperthwait, Esq., Philadelphia, Pa.; T. G. M. Higginson, Esq., B. H. Kerfoot & Co., A. D. Galloway & Co., Messrs. Ingersoll, Wheeler, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Farmers and Mechanics, desiring to locate in New York or the West, can find many desirable farms in Illinois will advance to $20 or even $100 per acre within ten years, by the purchase of this Company. Also, will be advanced by placing their property in the hands of farmers, to actually occupy and cultivate. Also, will be advanced to mechanics and others, and to enable it to discharge its obligations in the State. These considerations induce the policy of liquidating which has been adopted by the Company for two years past, and will be pursued till the lands are finally disposed of. Purchasers will find a great variety of other purposes for which it is applied.

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Railroads.

Going South.

Illinois Central Railroad.

FOR ST. LOUIS, ALTON, LEAVENworth City, Kansas City, Terre Haute, Evansville, Princeton, Mt. Carmel, Shawneetown, Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg, New Orleans and all points in the South and South-west.

Trains leave the Great Central Depot, foot of South Water and Lake streets, as follows, viz:

9.45 A. M.—Express Mail and Cairo Express at 9.45 P. M. (Sundays excepted.)

5.00 P. M.—Express Mail and Cairo Express at 5.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted.)

This is the only route between Chicago and St. Louis that runs Express Trains, thereby affording the possibility of collisions or delays, so annoying on other routes.

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AT MATTOON—With trains of the Great Western R. R. for Decatur, Springfield, Jacksonville, Naples and Illinois River.

AT JOLIET—with the Rock Island Railroad for Ottawa, La Salle, Rock Island and Central Iowa, and the "Cut-off" for Aurora, Galesburg, Burlington and Intermediate Stations.

AT PEORIA JUNCTION—With the Peoria & Oquawka R. R. to Peoria, Galesburg, Burlington and Intermediate Stations.

AT BLOOMINGTON—with Illinois Central Railroad for Clinton, Waynesville and Decatur, and with Wagon for Pekin, Tremont, Peoria and Galesburg, Ill., and Burlington, Iowa.

AT SPRINGFIELD—with the Great Western Railroad for Jacksonville, Naples and Illinois River.

AT ALTON—with Daily Line of Packets for Hannibal, Keokuk, St. Louis, Galena, Dubuque and Upper Mississippi.

Messrs. H. M. Parker & Co., Exchange Bank; G. D. Arthur, Esq., Cashier Atlantic Bank, New York City.

J. A. DURKEE,

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A. L. GRIFFEN,

Produce Commission Merchant,

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Also, Agent for sale of

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Which will make a Fire-Proof Roof.

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1857.

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STEAM ELEVATOR AND VESSEL OWNERS.

Produce, Commission & Forwarding Merchants,

DEALERS IN SALT, WATER LIME, FIRE BRICK AND COAL, and

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SUCCESSORS TO BROWN & CHAPMAN.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS; Office and Storehouse at the corner of Kinzie and Dearborn streets, near the Freight Depot of the G. & C. U. R. R., North Side—having succeeded to the business of Brown & Chapman, offer their services for the purchase and sale on Commission of all kinds of Grain, Flour, Beef, Lard and other produce in this market. They will attend to procuring freights or securing charters of vessels, the purchase and sale of Lumber or general merchandize. Refer to Gen. G. B. Mason, Superintendent C. R. R., Messrs. Maitland & Scranton, J. P. Chapin & Co., Geo. Steel & Co., and Hiram Wheeler, of Chicago; F. Bluhs, Dubuque.

Chicago, April 1, 1857. a11

Forwarding &c.

1857.

S. S. BALL & CO.,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Dealers in all kinds of

PRODUCE, SALT, WATER LIME, PLASTER, &c. &c.,

GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN.

Agents and Proprietors of Ball's line of Steamers